THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By M. C. Gallaway & Co | MEMPHIS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1868. | (Volume Eleven—Number 41

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

Democratic Conservative Ticket.

ELECTION ON SATURDAY, MARCH 7.

FOR SHERIFF,
P. M. WINTERS.
FOR REGISTER,
W. L. STEWART.
FOR COUNTY TRUSTEE,
A. WOODWARD.
FOR TAX COLLECTOR,
GEORGE R. POWEL.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
MARTIN KELLEY.
FOR CLERK OF COMMON LAW COURT,
F. L. WARNER.
FOR CLERK OF CRIMINAL COURT,
JAMES M. SCHOOLES.
FOR CLERK OF MUNICIPAL COURT,
M. B. TREZEVANT.
FOR MARSHAL OF MUNICIPAL COURT,
D. R. GRACE.

THE NEWS.

The Yuaki Indians have attacked several Mexican towns, and assassinated a General.

President Juarez, the Mexican Radical, is to visit Washington shortly.

Venezuela advices state that the rebellion had been almost entirely suppressed.

Gold opened yesterday in New York at 41¼; at 12 m. was quoted a half cent lower, and closed at 41¼.

There was but little change in cotton yesterday. The closing quotation in New York was 22½c for middling uplands.

Governor Stevenson, of Kentucky, was nominated for Governor without opposition at the Democratic Convention in Frankfort.

The national debt of Mexico is to be extinguished by the sale of confiscated property.

Specials to New York state that Baron Tindal, from France, and Senor Iturbide had arrived, en route to Mexico.

When General Thomas applied for Stanton's shoes, the latter said he would "think about it." He is still thinking.

The project of erecting a magnificent opera house in Louisville is urged there by influential persons.

It has been decided to hold the Radical Tanner Convention in the Crosby Opera House, in Chicago, if that building can be rented on reasonable terms.

A man named Corfusser, in St. Louis, has just been convicted of having his store set on fire after insuring the stock. He goes to the penitentiary six years.

The rebel schooner Oriante has been captured off Yucatan. Reinforcements and money are called for to suppress the Yucatan rebellion.

Jamaica dates to the 18th state that the American Consul is acting vigorously to obtain redress for the outrage on the schooner Hannah Grant.

Rev. Joseph Reinhart, a Catholic, attempted to get on a passing freight train at Upper Sandusky, on Saturday morning, and fell under the cars and was instantly killed.

Stanton has not been out of his office since since Friday. He has started a restaurant within, and placed a double guard without. He is troubled with the gray night mare, and dreams awfully about the Maryland militia

An Abyssinian dispatch says the inhabitants met by Napier's envoy were all friendly to the English, and the women of Odoca cheered the military mission when they entered that town.

Mrs. Sallie Harris, living at Cedar Bluff, Cherokee county, is said to be the oldest person now living in Alabama. She is one hundred and thirteen years old. She is a native of Edgecombe county, North Carolina.

Jerome has withdrawn Kentucky from the two races for which he had entered for the spring meeting, on account of dissatisfaction of owners of race horses at his reappearance, after having been formally declared retired from the turf.

A large Democratic meeting was held in Philadelphia Thursday night, and strong resolutions were passed. One Colonel somebody said every lamp post would soon be converted into Republican gibbets. Possibly, but who is to hang on them? That's the question.

A little white girl, about twelve years, named Carrie Saxton, whose father lives near Derry Station, on the Pennsylvania railroad, was outraged by a negro on Tuesday last. The negro was captured next day, and there was a report in Pittsburg on Saturday that he had been lynched.

The constitutionality of the law under which several members of the Chicago Produce Exchange were prosecuted some months ago for gambling—a case which made a great deal of excitement at the time—has been affirmed. Dealers in grain cannot contract to deliver a certain amount at a given time, unless they actually have it on hand.

Advices from Hayti state that Generals Parrett, Alexander and Carroll, who fell into the hands of the Cacas, were shot, and Generals Alphouse, Ellis, Provost and Jeanne were all forced into the rebel service. General Paisson, who had commanded on the frontier, committed suicide rather than surrender his post.

The new treaty which has been concluded between the United States and the North German Confederation provides that natives of Germany must obtain a license to emigrate, which shall be registered, and those who after taking out naturalization papers have resided five years in a foreign country shall be released from the obligation of military service in Germany.

A lady had just died in New York, from the effects of a severe burning that occurred on Friday of last week, and which was caused by a lamp explosion. A man called at the house to sell what he called a new kind of non-explosive coal oil lamp. To test it, he lighted the lamp, which was no sooner done than it exploded, and terribly burned the lady about the face, breast and body, from the effects of which she lingered in misery at the hospital until death relieved her. As soon as the explosion occurred, the man ran out of the house, leaving his effects and has not since been seen.

THE CHINESE EMBASSY.

Extraordinary Movement by the Celestials.

Circumstances of Mr. Burlingame's Appointment.

Correspondence of the New York Herald:

SHANGHAI, CHINA, December, 10, 1868.

After a long period of ministerial residence in China—where Mr. Burlingame has secured the affection, esteem and confidence, not only of the other and all foreign ministers, but of the rulers of China as well, and rendered America, in the hour of her need, service without which five steamers that waited in Singapore harbor for rebel ensigns would have preyed upon American commerce, instead of being sent back to England as they were—after this Mr. Burlingame proposed leaving China and settling in California, for which State he has much admiration. He was making his official farewell visit to the Sun-li-Yamuu—what may be considered the Chinese Department of Foreign Affairs—and attending a dinner given by the Chinese officials connected with that department, when it was broached to him by the authorities representing the Emperor of China (for the present Emperor is only a boy of ten) that after a long period of deliberation the governing power of China, conscious of the advance which Western nations had made beyond them in the modern arts and sciences, believing that this huge empire must eventually be thrown open to the activity of Western minds and the skill of Western hands, and anxious to preserve amicable relations with all the world, considering this, they had decided to select a foreigner, and, placing in his hands unlimited powers, send him abroad among the nations of the earth, to establish more intimate and friendly relations, and exchange the benefits and privileges of official communion. For two reasons they had selected him—first, because in the treaty with the United States, signed at Tientsin in 1858, in the first clause, the United States had stipulated and pledged themselves that if any other nation should act "unjustly" or "oppressively" toward China, the Government of the United States would exert itself to secure justice and amity between China and the offending power; secondly, they appointed him because, in all his relations with China, he had manifested a frankness and friendship which had won their esteem and secured their perfect confidence.

When Mr. Burlingame saw that the proposition was made in all earnestness, and realized the magnitude of the offer and the overwhelming responsibility he must assume, he could scarcely credit the truth of the matter. Totally unprepared to answer them, he requested time to consider the offer. He was informed that no obstacle existed so far as China and her rulers were concerned, and that they considered it not doing him a favor, but that they solicited his acceptance of the mission as a favor to China.

Mr. Burlingame stated the case of the proposition to his friends and to the foreign ministers in Pekin, all of whom heartily entered into and favored the idea, expressed their gratification that the offer had been made to him, and, for the sake of the interests of China and the interests of the Western World, pressed him to accept the mission. Sir Rutherford Alcock, the English Minister, in his dispatch to the home government, stated that it was a matter fraught with interest and importance such as the world has rarely seen, and, commending Mr. Burlingame, stated that he was eminently fitted for the mission and well worthy of the confidence thus reposed in him. Kindness and gratification were evinced on every side, and no shadow seemed to intervene, unless it was the tremendous responsibility.

In due time Mr. Burlingame signified his willingness to accept the post. Then the necessary formalities attending affairs of such importance were taken up. The official request of Mr. Burlingame and approval of the mission were obtained from the Empress Dowager, mother of the present Emperor, as well as the other widow—who is childless—of the late Emperor, and from Prince Kung, Prince Regent, uncle to the present and brother of the late Emperor.

The high dignitaries of the empire, with all necessary pomp and form, besought the throne three days for prosperity upon and success to the projected mission. The Imperial decree, creating the mission and appointing Mr. Burlingame the Minister, brief and comprehensive, written in simple Chinese characters upon yellow parchment, placed in a small yellow case, and this again inclosed in a wrapper of yellow satin, was presented to Mr. Burlingame in the presence of the Court and foreign Ministers, with all the abundance of courtesy, formality and dignity that attend such important Chinese governmental proceedings, coupled with the formal congratulations and good wishes of the foreign ministers residing in Pekin.

Thus Mr. Burlingame leaves China on a mission such as the world has never seen until now. Unembarrassed with instructions, he leaves with full power to take such measures as the circumstances may seem to demand. Alive to the importance of extending the modern arts and sciences, and realizing the places they hold in the grand march of civilization in which—and modestly, too, it may be said—he has been no unimportant actor, he will represent China and her interests to the Western World, and, conversely, endeavor to show China the advantages and benefits to be gathered from modern civilization.

As evidence of the sincerity of the Chinese powers, the imperial decree constitutes Mr. Burlingame permanent Minister, with no limitation of time of service, and his compensation was made an annual salary of $40,000, and all the expenses of the mission paid, with a comparative pension in case of his retirement or death.

His suite will consist of first secretary, Mr. Brown, late Chinese secretary of the British legation in Pekin, and one of the finest Chinese scholars living, a man eminently fitted for the position in which he has been placed at the request of the Chinese powers; the foreign ministers and Mr. Hart, the Imperial Commissioner of Chinese customs. He will receive a salary of $10,000 and expenses.

The second secretary is M. Le Che, late the secretary of the French legation, and a Chinese scholar. His compensation is $8,000 and expenses.

There are also, I understand, one or two American secretaries.

Another portion of the suit will consist of two high mandarins and official dignitaries, accompanied by Chinese physicians, linguists, writers, savans, students and all the retainers and servants necessary to so important a body of Chinese officials. The total number of the mission will amount to more than forty persons. It will probably be away from Pekin two years or more.

Mr. Burlingame was accompanied to the gates of Pekin by the whole body of foreign ministers, and the high officials of the Chinese court, and the parting was of much interest, and affecting.

Mr. Burlingame will remain in China until all the necessary preparation for the mission has been made, for which purpose Mr. Brown remains in Pekin, and will, with the other secretaries and Chinese officials, join Mr. Burlingame in Shanghai.

Mr. Burlingame and his entire suite expect to leave China in the March steamer of the Pacific Mail Company for California, whence they will at once proceed to Washington, and thence to the courts of Europe.

Rhode Island, Missouri and West Virginia held Radical State conventions on Saturday. The former nominated candidates for State officers, and all choose delegates to the Chicago convention.

Breadstuffs are advancing at Havana. The sugar crop will be one-quarter larger than usual.

ONE MORE UNFORTUNATE.

Seduction, Prostitution, Desertion, Fearful Suffering and Poverty.

A Horrible Case.

From the New Albany Ledger, 25th:

A correspondent of the Louisville *Journal*, who was in our city yesterday evening, gives the following particulars of one of the most dreadful affairs we have ever been called upon to record. We subjoin the narrative in the writer's own words: Having concluded my visit to Jeffersonville, I thought I would saunter along the railroad to New Albany and hail the train at whatever point it overtook me. When I had reached the point about opposite to the residence of Daniel Martin, I sat down to rest and wait for the train. About ten minutes afterwards I was startled with a suppressed groan, and looking about I could see nothing, so I thought no more of it, until in a minute or two it was repeated and long continued, indicating unmistakably that a human being was near and in great distress, though not a soul could I see in any direction. I walked into Patterson's field, from where the noise appeared to come, and had not proceeded more than twenty steps before I saw a woman lying on some brush and grass, poorly clad, with an old dress for a coverlet, who, to hide her shame, had selected that desolate place to bring forth her offspring. When I discovered her she was in the agony that proceeds childbirth. On questioning her I obtained the following facts: Her name is Cynthia Hatcher. She is about twenty years of age. Her parents are both dead. She came from Knoxville, Tennessee, about two years ago, and says that she recently lived with Mrs. Chambers, who resides about four miles from Louisville. I asked her how long she had been lying in the field where I found her. She replied, "since yesterday afternoon." She had consequently lain there all night, and alone—nearly thirty-six hours. It was about one o'clock yesterday afternoon when I found her. I asked her the name of her seducer. She said it was George Reager, or Reger, and when she last heard from him he had gone to Elizabethtown, Kentucky. She has been very pretty, but not an educated girl; at least I would not infer that she was from the manner in which she expressed herself. She was taken to Jeffersonville, where, I suppose, she will receive all necessary attention.

ARKANSAS ITEMS.

Will some one inform us why it is that the negro Henry Johnson, who committed a rape on a white woman last week, has never had his trial? Will not Justice Scott or Justice Silvy act in this matter? The negro is still in jail, but we would like to know by what authority. If he is guilty he should be punished, if not, turned loose. In the name of law and outraged virtue we call upon the officers of the law to do their duty, and, if they will not, let them resign their offices. *Jacksonport Herald.*

Jacksonport at last has a telegraph line connecting with the rest of the world.

The citizens of Pine Bluff are to have some kind of a landing for steamboats made, or a wharf for their accommodation.

The Fort Smith *Standard* will be removed to Clarksville, Johnson county, and its name will be changed to the Arkansas *Standard*.

Apples are selling at one dollar per bushel in Fort Smith.

The Fort Smith *Herald* says:

Mr. D. Smith, (Dow), returned from Polk county on Thursday, and brought us one or two specimens of silver ore. He thinks it very rich. Mr. Smith says the country abounds in rich lead mines. The people make their own bullets from the ore.

The Legislature of the Cherokees at its last session, passed an act appropriating ten thousand dollars for the erection of a building suitable for the capitol of the nation.

The DeWitt *Elector* learns that ex-Governor R. M. Anderson, of California, intends locating there to practice law.

The Augusta *Sentinel* says that Father Leprowsky is there under instruction from the Right Reverend Bishop Fitzgerald, prospecting as to the possibility of establishing a Catholic church. The *Sentinel* urges the citizens to made his mission a success, as a means of encouraging white immigration.

From the Jacksonport *Herald* we learn that the citizens of that place have donated liberally, land and money for a Catholic church.

The Little Rock *Conservative* announces that, after a painful and protracted labor of many weeks, sho so-called Convention, now "lying in" at the Capitol, has finally brought fourth what is sacrilegeously called "a Constitution," which is soon to be presented to a portion of the people of Arkansas for their acceptance or rejection.

A Northern man, who teaches the colored idea how to shoot, at Little Rock, writes to a Radical paper: "The man with whom I have been staying since I came to this place has two swords and one gun hanging up in his house, sleeps with a six shooter under his head at night, and carries a pistol about his person during the day." He doubtless boards with a freedman. A good many of them have such habits.

ELOPEMENT IN KENTUCKY.

A Married Man Runs Away With a Girl of Sixteen.

From the New Albany Ledger.

Last Saturday night a daughter of Mr. David L. Gregory, who lives six miles from Louisville on the Bardstown road, disappeared from her father's residence and it was ascertained yesterday morning that she had been abducted by or eloped with a man named Keyes. They left Mr. Gregory's house in a buggy, informing some one that they were going to Texas. Keyes is a neighbor of Mr. Gregory, and is reported to be a notorious intriguer, and to have two wives and several children living.

The news of the elopement, says the Louisville *Journal*, spread like wild fire yesterday morning, and created the intensest excitement among the neighbors and friends of the young lady and her father. Great indignation is manifested against Keyes, and it will not go easily with him if he is caught and returned to this vicinity. The incensed and distressed father imparted the information of the escapade to the Chief of Police, and dispatches were sent to all accessible towns and cities on the river and railways. It is thought that the runaways will be detected at Memphis or some intermediate point. She has undoubtedly been led astray by persistent deception on the part of Keyes, who is a thorough graduate in such rascality. We hope soon to chronicle his apprehension, and the return of the deluded girl to her now unhappy home.

Miss Gregory will be remembered by many of our citizens as competing for a premium in the ladies' riding ring at the fair held here last fall a year ago. Miss Ellen Francisco of Orange county, however, won the blue ribbon, causing much discontent to Miss Gregory and her friends

L. B. Fould, the individual charged with robbing a safe in Memphis, and falsely representing himself as a newspaper correspondent, was discharged from custody in Louisville on last Monday, there being no evidence to show why he should be longer detained.

Mr. Sullivan, of the Dublin *Nation*, recently convicted of publishing seditious libels, has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment. Mr. Pigott, of the Dublin *Irishman*, was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment.

BOOKS & STATIONERY

BOOKS,
Law Books,
School Books,
Novels,
And a Fine Stock of Stationery at
C. C. CLEAVES & CO.'S,
No. 317 Second Street, Corner of Monroe.
no17

BOOKS & STATIONERY.
CHURCH & CO., Successors to
BLELOCK & CO.,
WHOLESALE
BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS
MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS for everything required by the trade
We are special Agents for the Publications of
A. S. BARNES & CO.,
D. APPLETON & CO.,
J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO.,
SARGENT, WILSON & BINKLE, and others.
Also, for
Fairchild's Celebrated Gold Pens,
Holbrook School Apparatus,
Sherwood's School Furniture, etc., etc.
Our lines of PAPER and ENVELOPES, the best in the market. Every variety of OFFICE STATIONERY and BLANK BOOKS always on hand.
PRINTING AND BINDING
Executed in the neatest manner under our own supervision.
INITIAL STATIONERY neatly done.
LATEST PUBLICATIONS always on hand at PUBLISHERS' PRICES.
Remember the old stand, 315 Main street.
fe20 BLELOCK & CO.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE
MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE
Railroad Line.
COMMENCING FEBRUARY 19TH, 1868, trains will leave Memphis as follows:
Morning Express ..... 7:00 a.m
Evening Express ..... 3:30 p.m
Railroad time, which is fifteen minutes faster than city time.
Both Trains Run Through to Louisville without Change of Cars,
And make direct connection with Jeffersonville railroad
For all Eastern and Northern Cities.
Evening train from Memphis connects with U. S. Mail Line steamer, running daily steamers between Louisville and Cincinnati.
Passengers by Morning Train from Memphis reach Nashville at 7:35 p.m.; Louisville at 4:00 a.m.
Passengers by Evening Train from Memphis reach Nashville at 6:40 a.m.; Louisville at 3:30 p.m.; Cairo at 4:00 a.m., and St. Louis at 1:30 p.m., next day.
36 to 48 Hours Quicker Than by Boat,
Trains arrive at Memphis at 9:15 a.m. and 2:30 p.m.
For procure tickets at No. 237 1-2 Main street, or at Depot, head of Main street.
BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH to all Important Northern and Eastern Cities.
S. B. JONES, Superintendent,
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. feb14

House for Sale on 13 Years' Lease.
THE undersigned offers for sale the house formerly occupied by H. B. Pettis,
No. 316 Madison Street Extended,
Comprising three rooms, kitchen and servant's room. The house is conveniently located, with good cistern and other conveniences. The building is on leased ground, with thirteen years to run at an annual rent of $100 Terms, for the next thirty days, $1050; one half cash, balance in one year, at six per cent. interest. Inquire of the subscriber, on the premises, or at No. 72 Front street.
fe20 A. M. WILCOX.

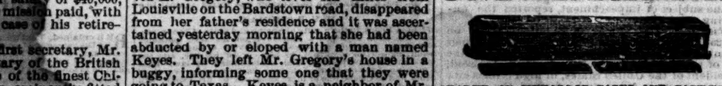
G. W. L. CROOK,
GENERAL
Marine, Life & Fire Insurance Agent
No. 279 1-2 Main Street.
NONE but sound, solvent, and prompt paying companies represented.

Navy Yard Lessees.
ALL Navy Yard Lessees and Sub-Lessees who have made payments of rents since 1861, are requested to present their receipts to the City Treasurer, at Exchange Building, in order that said payments may be properly credited on the Navy Yard books. They are also requested to settle all past due rents before the first of March next or the accounts will be placed in the hands of the City Attorney for collection by law, and for interest taken as provided for in their leases.
By order of the Board of Aldermen.
W. H. BRUDGES,
feb7 City Treasurer.

Hames, Collars, Blind Bridles and Chains.
JUST RECEIVED and for sale at Factory Prices:
500 dozen Red Top Root Hames,
300 dozen Hog-skin Collars,
200 dozen Blind Bridles,
30 casks Trace Chains—"all sizes."
Merchants and Planters will find it to their interests to examine our stock before purchasing.
MOORES, SMITH & CO.,
ja31 No. 342 Main Street.

THE SOUTHERN FARMER, VOL. II.
A Magnificent Agricultural Paper.
ONLY TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR.
Office, No. 37 South Court Street, Memphis.
YOU NEED IT—IT WILL SAVE YOU MONEY.
fe22 TRY IT ONE YEAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

OWEN SMITH,
UNDERTAKER,

DEALER IN METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS
And Manufacturer of
WOODEN AND ROSEWOOD COFFINS
Of all kinds.
No. 368 Northeast corner Gayoso and Second Street
MEMPHIS, Tenn.
All orders for Undertaking promptly attended to

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS.
No. 3 Jefferson Street.
Paid in Capital - - - - - $300,000
Authorized Capital - - $1,000,000
W. H. CHERRY, President. A. T. LACEY, Vice-President.
J. J. FREEMAN, Cashier.

LUNN & MALLON,
PLUMBERS,
GAS AND
STEAM PIPE FITTERS,
204 Main Street,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,
HAVE on hand a large assort'n of PUMPS, CHANDELIERS, LEAD AND IRON PIPES, BRASS WORK of every description for Gas, Steam and Water.
Jobbing promptly attended to. ja23

EDWARD C. JONES,
ARCHITECT,
Walker Block, 279 1-2 Main Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
204

BOOKS & STATIONERY

BOOKS,
Law Books,
School Books,
Novels,
And a Fine Stock of Stationery at
C. C. CLEAVES & CO.'S,
No. 317 Second Street, Corner of Monroe.
no17

BOOKS & STATIONERY.
CHURCH & CO., Successors to
BLELOCK & CO.,
WHOLESALE
BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS
MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS for everything required by the trade
We are special Agents for the Publications of
A. S. BARNES & CO.,
D. APPLETON & CO.,
J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO.,
SARGENT, WILSON & BINKLE, and others.
Also, for
Fairchild's Celebrated Gold Pens,
Holbrook School Apparatus,
Sherwood's School Furniture, etc., etc.
Our lines of PAPER and ENVELOPES, the best in the market. Every variety of OFFICE STATIONERY and BLANK BOOKS always on hand.
PRINTING AND BINDING
Executed in the neatest manner under our own supervision.
INITIAL STAMPING neatly done.
LATEST PUBLICATIONS always on hand at PUBLISHERS' PRICES.
Remember the old stand, 315 Main street.
fe20 BLELOCK & CO.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE
MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE
Railroad Line.
COMMENCING FEBRUARY 19TH, 1868, trains will leave Memphis as follows:
Morning Express ..... 7:00 a.m
Evening Express ..... 3:30 p.m
Railroad time, which is fifteen minutes faster than city time.
Both Trains Run Through to Louisville without Change of Cars,
And make direct connection with Jeffersonville railroad
For all Eastern and Northern Cities.
Evening train from Memphis connects with U. S. Mail Line steamer, running daily steamers between Louisville and Cincinnati.
Passengers by Morning Train from Memphis reach Nashville at 7:35 p.m.; Louisville at 4:00 a.m.
Passengers by Evening Train from Memphis reach Nashville at 6:40 a.m.; Louisville at 3:30 p.m.; Cairo at 4:00 a.m., and St. Louis at 1:30 p.m., next day.
36 to 48 Hours Quicker Than by Boat,
Trains arrive at Memphis at 9:15 a.m. and 2:30 p.m.
For procure tickets at No. 237 1-2 Main street, or at Depot, head of Main street.
BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH to all Important Northern and Eastern Cities.
S. B. JONES, Superintendent,
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. feb14

House for Sale on 13 Years' Lease.
THE undersigned offers for sale the house formerly occupied by H. B. Pettis,
No. 316 Madison Street Extended,
Comprising three rooms, kitchen and servant's room. The house is conveniently located, with good cistern and other conveniences. The building is on leased ground, with thirteen years to run at an annual rent of $100 Terms, for the next thirty days, $1050; one half cash, balance in one year, at six per cent. interest. Inquire of the subscriber, on the premises, or at No. 72 Front street.
fe20 A. M. WILCOX.

G. W. L. CROOK,
GENERAL
Marine, Life & Fire Insurance Agent
No. 279 1-2 Main Street.
NONE but sound, solvent, and prompt paying companies represented.

Navy Yard Lessees.
ALL Navy Yard Lessees and Sub-Lessees who have made payments of rents since 1861, are requested to present their receipts to the City Treasurer, at Exchange Building, in order that said payments may be properly credited on the Navy Yard books. They are also requested to settle all past due rents before the first of March next or the accounts will be placed in the hands of the City Attorney for collection by law, and for interest taken as provided for in their leases.
By order of the Board of Aldermen.
W. H. BRUDGES,
feb7 City Treasurer.

Hames, Collars, Blind Bridles and Chains.
JUST RECEIVED and for sale at Factory Prices:
500 dozen Red Top Root Hames,
300 dozen Hog-skin Collars,
200 dozen Blind Bridles,
30 casks Trace Chains—"all sizes."
Merchants and Planters will find it to their interests to examine our stock before purchasing.
MOORES, SMITH & CO.,
ja31 No. 342 Main Street.

THE SOUTHERN FARMER, VOL. II.
A Magnificent Agricultural Paper.
ONLY TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR.
Office, No. 37 South Court Street, Memphis.
YOU NEED IT—IT WILL SAVE YOU MONEY.
fe22 TRY IT ONE YEAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

OWEN SMITH,
UNDERTAKER,

DEALER IN METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS
And Manufacturer of
WOODEN AND ROSEWOOD COFFINS
Of all kinds.
No. 368 Northeast corner Gayoso and Second Street
MEMPHIS, Tenn.
All orders for Undertaking promptly attended to

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS.
No. 3 Jefferson Street.
Paid in Capital - - - - - $300,000
Authorized Capital - - $1,000,000
W. H. CHERRY, President. A. T. LACEY, Vice-President.
J. J. FREEMAN, Cashier.

LUNN & MALLON,
PLUMBERS,
GAS AND
STEAM PIPE FITTERS,
204 Main Street,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,
HAVE on hand a large assort'n of PUMPS, CHANDELIERS, LEAD AND IRON PIPES, BRASS WORK of every description for Gas, Steam and Water.
Jobbing promptly attended to. ja23

EDWARD C. JONES,
ARCHITECT,
Walker Block, 279 1-2 Main Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
204

COTTON AND COMMISSION

R. W. PRICE, Late of Bastrop, Miss. | A. B. TREADWELL, Memphis Tenn.
PRICE & TREADWELL,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 15 Union Street, Lee Block.
Between Main and Front streets MEMPHIS, TENN.

J. T. FARGASON, A. CORDES, C. C. CLAY
FARGASON, CORDES & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
328 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
Large stock of
Louisiana Sugar and Molasses Rio Coffee Etc.,
Constantly on handand for sale low to the trad
ja23

STERLING FOWLKES, THOMAS P. ADAMS, WM. A. STEFFEY, WITH
FOWLKES & STEFFEY,
(Successors to Fowlkes & Co.)
Cotton Factors
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
193 Second and 43 Washington Sts.,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
AGENTS for the sale of the PREMIUM COTTON GINS made by W. G. Clemons Brown & Co. Columbus, Ga.
Also, agents for the GREEN RIVER WOOLEN MILLS Henderson, Ky. Have on hand, for sale by piece or case, a fine assortment of Kentucky Jeans.

H. FITZGERALD, Gallatin. | C. C. SILL, Memphis. | JOHN T. JEFFERSON, Memphis.
H. FITZGERALD & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF
Cotton Yarns, Sheeting and Osnaburgs, Dupont's Gunpowder and Printing Paper,
374 Front Street, MEMPHIS

P. M. ROBERTSON, Desoto county, Miss. | M. A. CARTER, Pulaski, Tenn.
ROBERTSON & CARTER,
Cotton Factors
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 13 1-2 Union Street, & 26 Lee Block,
MEMPHIS.

J. C. PAYNE, G. W. HUNTINGTON. | H. M. PAYNE, W. M. DAMERON.
PAYNE, HUNTINGTON & CO.,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 52 Union Street, New Orleans.
Represented by General C. M. WILCOX.

E. O. HURD,
COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 49 West Second Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Liberal advances made on consignments. Orders solicited.

ANDERSON & GAY,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
Commission Merchants,
No. 338 Front Street, Corner Union,
HAVE ON CONSIGNMENT, FOR SALE TO THE TRADE
2,000 bales Hay,
2,000 bushels Oats (black and white,)
500 barrels Seed Potatoes,
25 tierces Davis' Sugar-cured Hams,
2,000 barrels Cape Lime. feb20

J. M. PATRICK & CO.,
Cotton Factors and Commission
MERCHANTS,
No. 254 Front Street, up stairs,
Over Harris, Cochran & Co.'s.
PROMPT attention paid to all business intrusted to us. Special attention given to filling orders Bagging, Iron Ties or Rope furnished customers at lowest market prices. ja8

WASH. S. TAYLOR, E. A. COLE
TAYLOR, COLE & CO.,
Cotton Factors
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 11 Monroe Street, between Main and Front
Cooper Block, MEMPHIS, TENN.
Baggin s, Rope, Iron Ties and other supplies furnished a Lowest Marc 41 Rates. no20

TITUS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 10 Jefferson Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
WE respectfully solicit a share of the business of the planters of the South. We thank our former customers for their patronage, and would be pleased to have them continue business with us. Our charges are the same as heretofore. All Cotton consigned to us will be insured unless otherwise instructed. no25

P. M. STANLEY, MOODY C. KING, J. M. SMITH
STANLEY, KING & SMITH,
Cotton Factors
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 372 Front Street, Up Stairs
MEMPHIS, TENN.

C. C. PARTEE, Late Vernon, Parsons & Clay. | M. FRANK HARBERT, Memphis, Tenn.
PARTEE & HARBERT,
COTTON AND TOBACCO FACTORS,
AND
General Commission Merchants,
14 Monroe Street, between Main and Front
MEMPHIS, TENN.
Cash Advances made on Consignments. Barring, Rope and Supplies furnished. oct16

J. W. DICKINSON, Formerly Bell & Dickinson. | DR. R. J. DICKINSON, Late Surgeon C. S. A.
J. W. WILLIAMS, Madison county, Tennessee.
DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,
Cotton Factors, General Commission
AND PRODUCE MERCHANTS,
No. 210 Front Street, Memphis, Tennessee
Liberal Advances made on Consignments. We have a warehouse of our own in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and we GUARANTEE THESE SALES AS SO UNNECESSARY LOSS IN WEIGHT, A THING WE HAVE HAD TO SUBMIT TO HERETOFORE. Bagging and Rope furnished per contract.
Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river insured, unless otherwise instructed fe25

COTTON AND COMMISSION

BARKER & CO.,
Auction and Commission
MERCHANTS,
Real Estate & Collecting Agents,
Aberdeen, Miss.
Consignments Solicited.
BARKER & CO.
ja19

SAMUEL H. RICHARDSON, Late of Banks, Hamilton & Co. | JACK P. RICHARDSON, Late of Mobile, Alabama.
SAMUEL H. RICHARDSON & CO.,
DEALERS IN FLOUR
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
16 City Buildings, South Commercial St.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
Terms Cash.

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS & PLANTATION SUPPLIES
COTTON FACTORS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
TOBIN, LYNN & CO.
No. 346 MAIN STREET, MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

TERRY & MITCHELL,
WHOLESALE
BOOTS, SHOES & HATS
329 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.,
Have determined to sell
All Winter Goods at Reduced Prices

Constantly receiving SEASONABLE GOODS directly from the manufacturers which will be offered at the LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

INDUSTRIAL AID SOCIETY
INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.
THE Ladies of the Aid Society have connected with their rooms a duly authorized Intelligence Department, where any persons desiring "help" in any desirable case can secure it by paying the sum of $1. Other offices of similar character charge so for the same service. Owing to the great scarcity of money, there is comparatively but little moving through their rooms. Will not the young gentlemen of the city who have work of this kind send it to the Depot, in Stillman Block, where it will be done in good manner and at reasonable rates. By doing this they will assist the worthy females in our midst, who depend on their needle for assistance. The Ladies solicit sewing from all who have it to give out. Remember, the full price paid for the work goes to the employee, the society being supported by its membership.
feb1 Mrs. S. C. LAW, President.

JOSEPH FLANNERY,
Practical Plumber,
Gas and Steam Pipe Fitter,
No. 53 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tennessee
Keep constantly on hand a well selected s
Iron and Brass Lift and Force Pumps
feb2

WILLIAM MILLER.
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in LADIES', MEN'S and CHILDREN'S
BOOTS AND SHOES,
No. 219 Main Street,
Under Worsham House, MEMPHIS, TENN.
Special attention given to Custom Work. feb14

G. R. DUNBAR. GUS. OWEN
DUNBAR & OWEN
Move Iron Safes, Engines, Boilers
AND
Machinery of all kinds.
COTTON, in quantities, moved at short notice.
Office, with MATTHEWS & ALEXANDER, 373 Second feet. dec7

PITTSBURG
C
O 283 1-2 A
L.
I HAVE removed my office to 283 1-2 Main street, next to the Gayoso House, where I am prepared to fill, with No. 1 PITTSBURG COAL, all orders with which I may be favored.
ja15 E. B. PACKER, Coal Dealer.

FIRE IN THE WOODRUFF BLOCK
SADDLES, BRIDLES,
Harness, Whips,
Collars, Leather and Saddlery
HARDWARE,
Saved from the late fire, and selling at a GREAT SACRIFICE as they must be closed out at once. Call early and secure Bargains.
177 Main street, sign of the Golden Stirrup,
Woodruff Block.

MISCELLANEOUS

GEORGE PHILLER & CO.,
DEALERS IN
HIDES AND LEATHER
Adams Street, between Front and the River,
HAVE now on hand consignments of Leather direct from tanneries, consisting of
HARNESS LEATHER,
BRIDLE LEATHER,
SOLE LEATHER,
SKIRTING LEATHER,
KIP SKINS, ETC., ETC
HAVE ALSO,
French and American Calf Skins.
WE ARE AGENTS FOR
RUSH & HOWARD'S,
(Buffalo, New York.)
Hemlock Sole Leather.
Have now in store One Hundred Rolls, which we can sell lower than it can be had elsewhere in this market. dec8

CHARLESTON HOTEL,
Charleston, S. C.
THE undersigned, respectfully informs his friends and the traveling public, that he has taken charge of the above well known FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, and refurnished and refitted it, in all its departments
The celebrated ARTESIAN WATER BATHS, Hot, Cold and Shower, at all hours.
Coaches run to and from all Railroad depots. Steamers with attentive Porters. The patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited. J. P. HORBACH, Agent,
ja23 Proprietor.

AUER & CO.,
TAKE pleasure to announce to their numerous friends and patrons, that they again have opened at
42 NORTH COURT STREET,
With a large stock of
Flowers, Shrubbery, Bulbs, Seeds,
well adapted to this climate, and raised in their garden, which is near the city on the Nashville road.
All who wish to decorate their Windows, Gardens and Lawns with Nature's beauties, are invited to call and examine their stock, which is equal to all, in this country, and will be sold at very low figures.
All Plants sold, whether in bloom or otherwise, will be warranted to be as represented.
All orders for Bouquets, laying out of Gardens, and planting Shrubbery or Fruit Trees will be promptly attended to.
All Orders for Fruit Trees will be accepted and filled from the Elmwood Nursery, which is on the Pigeon Roost road near the city fe13

H. HARDER,
LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,
No. 262 1-2 Second Street,
OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE, MEMPHIS, TENN
Keeps constant

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR CLERK OF THE CRIMINAL COURT—JAMES N. NICHOLAS, the nominee of the Democratic Convention, is a candidate for Clerk of the Criminal Court, and will so continue until after the polls close on the day of election. feb28

FOR CONSTABLE OF THE FOURTEENTH DISTRICT—We are authorized to announce C. K. BOWMAN as a candidate for Constable of the Fourteenth District at the ensuing election. fe 24

FOR CONSTABLE—5TH CIVIL DISTRICT—We are authorized to announce JOHN NORTON, as a candidate for re election to the office of Constable of the 5th Civil District at the ensuing election in March. ja27

FOR CONSTABLE 5TH CIVIL DISTRICT—We are authorized to announce C. N. MARTIN as a candidate for the office of Constable of the Fifth Civil District, at the ensuing March election, subject to the nomination of the Conservative party. ja17

FOR CONSTABLE OF THE FIFTH CIVIL DISTRICT—JAMES BERMINGHAM is a candidate for the office of Constable of the Fifth Civil District. ja30

EDITORS AVALANCHE: You will please announce my name as an INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE for re-election to the office of tax sale and County Tax Collector, subject to the DECISION of the voters of Shelby county.

PHILIP GARVIN.

City papers copy and send bill to office. feb18

FOR CONSTABLE OF THE FOURTEENTH CIVIL DISTRICT—JOHN P. BOUGHER is a candidate for Constable in the Fourteenth Civil District, subject to the decision of the Democratic Conservative party. feb18

FOR CONSTABLE FIFTH CIVIL DISTRICT—We are authorized to announce Mr. JAMES JOHNSON as a candidate for the office of Constable of the Fifth Civil District of Shelby county. Election to be held in March next. feb19

WANTS.

WANTED—A Protestant Girl, who is a good Cook, Washer and Ironer. Good recommendations. Apply at 254 Front street, up stairs. feb22

WANTED—The subscriber wishes to borrow on good Real Estate security, Three or Four Thousand Dollars. Address "S." Avalanche office. ja22

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—House No. 318 Poplar street. Contains nine rooms; is in good repair, and will be rented low. Inquire of EDGINGTON & HALSEY, 248 second street. feb26

FOR RENT—A new BRICK DWELLING containing five rooms, inside Kitchen and servant's room, in an excellent neighborhood and contiguous to street railway. Possession given 21st of March. Apply to G. H. LeGUERE, Of Ward & LeGuere. feb20

FOR RENT—A COTTAGE containing four rooms and a Kitchen, on corner Jones avenue and Robeson street. Fine cistern on premises. Apply on the premises. feb7

FOR RENT—Store House No. 246 Front street, under Commercial Hotel; will rent low to a good tenant. Apply to MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO. ja24

BOARDING.

REDUCTION IN BOARD—The WHITEMORE HOUSE has reduced its transient rates to $2 per day; Day Board to $6 per week; Regular Board with rooms very low. Families can be accommodated with nicely furnished rooms at the lowest rates. Owing to the fact that we have no negro to pay, we can afford better inducements to guests than any other house in the city. ja29

BOARDING—BOARD REDUCED—Two furnished Front Rooms with board at $20 to $25 per month for families. Positively references given and required. In two minutes walk of street cars. Apply at 45 Linden street. ja26

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

A FARM TO LEASE FOR FOUR YEARS—Three hundred and fifty-nine acres in tract; two hundred and fifty cleared and balance timber. Lies ten miles from Memphis, on Mississippi and Tennessee railroad and R. Randolph plankroad. Running water for stock on place all the year. A liberal lease will be given, or I will sell it or a part.

T. H. LOGWOOD, feb23 No. 15 Union street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—Twenty-five YOUNG MULES, in good working order, together with a lot of Farming Implements, consisting of Plows, scrapers and Sweeps, Wagons and Harness. Apply to D. H. EVANS, feb14 No. 14 Monroe street.

FOR SALE—One Portable Boiler and Engine, eight (8) horse power; one upright Engine on iron frame, three (3) horse power; one Magowan Pump, medium size; all in complete running order. Call on Bluff, foot of Madison street.

H. DUFFIN & BRO. ja13

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

NOTICE—To all whom it may concern: I will apply at the March term, 1868, of the county Court of Shelby county for letters of administration on the estate of Jane Blair, deceased.

ORLEY & DUVAL, Attorneys. feb29

NOTICE—Having been appointed administrator of the estate of John Graef, deceased, all persons having said estate, are required to come forward and make settlement; and all persons holding claims against the estate will have the same proated and presented within the time prescribed by law, or they will be forever barred.

W. B. SCHULZ, Administrator, feb19 No 11 McCall street.

COUGH—No Cure no Pay—FORRESTS JUNIPER TAR is now warranted to cure Cough, Croup, Throat and Lung diseases, or money refunded. INSTANTANEOUS RELIEF PRODUCED. Try it! If not satisfied, return the empty bottle and get your money back. Sold only by D. P. GOODYEAR, wholesale and retail agent, 310 Second street Memphis, Tenn. Price 25 cents per bottle! feb4

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY AND THE HAPPINESS of True Manhood; an essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the Physical Errors, Abuses and Diseases which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. feb2 d&w

THURSDAY, : : : FEBRUARY 27, 1868

VIRGINIA—the historic old Commonwealth, the noble mother of WASHINGTON, JEFFERSON, MADISON, MONROE, HENRY and MARSHALL—has her portion of the "dirty and malarious sediments" which the subsiding waters of civil war deposited upon Southern soil. The carpet bag scalawags and the vile riff-raff of Radicalism are hunting for office in Virginia with as much eagerness as JAPHET searched for his father. Throughout the whole State, the army of office seeking plunderers are in commotion. They are turning over every old foul pestilent, and, in their search for an office, they peep into every crack and crevice with as much precision as a hungry woodpecker pries under the bark of a gnarled old oak for worms and bugs. Radicalism means lust for office, and corruption after getting office, and of course no means of securing office are regarded as dishonorable. The State Convention, now in session at Richmond, has paused in its unconstitutional work and its labor of usurpation and oppression to apportion out the offices of the State. There are innumerable aspirants for every office, from Governor down to the lowest position, and they are growling and snarling at each other like a parcel of jackals over a decaying carcass. The scramble is producing bickerings, jealousies and asperities. The same morbid lust for office can be seen in all the Southern States. The scent of office will produce as much commotion among the carpet-bag rovers as the smell of beef produces in a caravan of wild animals. Shout office, and the doodles will rush out like pismires when their little hills have been disturbed by the inadvertent boof. And these offices, after secured, are prostituted for purposes of plunder. In the Legislature of Tennessee, we have seen several exhibitions of the prevalence of corruption of the most sickening and alarming character. It is notorious that F. S. RICHARDS and General W. J. SMITH can be bought and sold at so much a head as pigs are sold in the market. Their votes were bought for so many shares in the street railroad, but the purchasers soon learned that they had been swindled, for they ascertained that a bargain could have been struck just as easily at much lower figures. When the names of these venal creatures are called by the clerk, the response of "aye" or "no," which comes from their livid lips will be governed by no respect for the wishes or interest of the people of Tennessee, but by the cravings of their selfish and corrupt natures. It is equally as notorious in this community that the County Commissioners of Shelby county have ignored honesty and patriotism for plunder, and that they have betrayed the people for filthy lucre. We intend to show to the entire satisfaction of the public mind that they have been offered, and, in some cases, taken bribes, as a price for their votes. Wherever Radicalism gains power, corruption follows as naturally as sparks fly upwards or water runs down hill. Indeed, one of the most unfortunate and alarming features of the politics of the day, is the prevalence of corruption among those who are selected by the people as their representatives and law makers. It is impossible to avoid the conclusion that a monarch more powerful than any European sovereign, the Almighty Dollar, is yearly gaining new strength, as the real controlling power of far too much of the legislation of the country, whether Municipal, County, State or National. This evil is reaching such an alarming hight that the axiom of WALPOLE, that "every man has his price," is exemplified. Corruption is contagious, and the air of the many Legislative halls is poisoned with an atmosphere which instils the disease into many a man, who, after leaving his quiet home, honest and honestly disposed, returns a rascal. The idea that money can obtain or defeat legislation is alarmingly prevalent. The efforts of not a few of those who seek to influence such bodies are not so much directed to prove the propriety, expediency, or justice of their projects, but rather to be certain that they have enough "money" to gain their ends. Too many office holders of all descriptions are more anxious to fulfil the injunction, "put money in thy purse," than to pass an honest judgment upon the questions submitted to their decisions. There is something in the position of affairs, brought about by the Radical rogues in office, more serious and alarming than the public mind realizes. It jeopardizes the most important and vital interests, and if suffered to progress, unchecked, at the alarming rate at which it has been developed under Radical auspices, it threatens us with the most lamentable evils. The will of the people, under certain constitutional restrictions, forms the basis of our institutions, but that will can only be expressed through the men in power. If our Governors, Representatives, and executive officers become generally, as not a few of them have shown themselves individually to be, hopelessly corrupt, ready and willing to sacrifice, upon the altar of mammon, their convictions of justice, and to utterly disregard the wishes and interests of their constituents, our whole theory of government will be substantially subverted. The very soul of Democracy is destroyed by such conduct. The people do not rule, they do not impress their wishes and judgments upon the statute books of the country, —they are rifled and robbed of their inalienable right of self government, just as much as the people living under a despotism are; the only difference being that, in one case it is done openly and defiantly, by a crowned tyrant, and in the other, secretly and stealthily, by a money-eyed power. There is nothing more dangerous to a Republic than the prevalence of such infamy. No deeper insult could be offered to a confiding people. No political sin can cover an office holder with a more blistering disgrace, or evince a deeper depth of depravity, than the sale of his vote. And, unfortunately, it is almost impossible to set any limits to the extent of such an evil. The man who will sell his vote for one purpose, will not long scruple about selling it for another, and when the principle of trafficking in the law-making power becomes firmly established in the hearts of the corrupt miscreats who descend to such baseness, it is impossible to know to what schemes of wrong, oppression and iniquity they may not descend, nor can we tell how long the liberties of the nation can be rescued from their mercenary clutches.

HON. THOMAS A. HENDRICKS, of Indiana, deserves the thanks of the Southern people—the thanks of the lovers of liberty in every part of the Union—for his recent able and eloquent speech in defense of the Constitution. This speech of Mr. HENDRICKS shows that there is still a little leaven left in the United States Senate. He speaks like a patriot—a statesman anxious to preserve the liberties of the people and the institutions bequeathed to us by the fathers of the Republic. Mr. HENDRICKS shows in his speech that it is now over two years, almost three, since this crusade against white men in ten States commenced. Immediately after the close of the war, "there was a good feeling" in the South. Men who had fought for the Union met their enemies and became friends. Slavery, which was claimed to be the cause of all our woes, was abolished by the free act of the Southern people. The doctrine of secession, so ably advocated by ABRAHAM LINCOLN, BEN WADE and the New York *Tribune*, was declared to be a damnable heresy. The rebel debt was most solemnly repudiated, for the sake of harmony. The old leaders were ignored. After all this had been done, Congress began its oppressive and malicious legislation. The spirit and letter of the Constitution were both violated. The good feeling disappeared. Trade, which had commenced to revive, began to die out. From the commencement of the usurpation of Congress to the present time, everything has been going from bad to worse. The original Union men of the South, as well as the secessionists, have now become a unit in their opposition to the infamous measures of an infamous Congress. There is no use in attempting to avoid the fact. The united opposition of ten millions of white men, of our own flesh and blood, to the rule of four millions of negroes, cannot be successfully resisted, except by the bayonets of soldiers, ashamed of the work they are called to perform. The effect of the Congressional policy has been disastrous to all classes. It has impoverished the planters of the South. It has rendered the raising of cotton, rice and sugar unprofitable and impossible. It has made the negro neglect his work. It has converted him into an aspiring vagabond. This policy has deprived our Northern manufacturer of his market and in this way destroyed his business. It has deprived the laborer of employment and thus taken away his chance to support his family. It has filled our workhouses and charitable institutions with unfortunates. It has increased the tax on the poor man's daily bread, and on every article which he buys. If persisted in, it will yet bankrupt the nation. It has placed ten States under the rule of negroes. It has degraded ten millions of whites. After making out a terrible indictment against the Radicals, Mr. HENDRICKS pertinently asks, what objections have you to the Constitutions of the Southern States as amended by the people? For two years you have made war against this policy; for two years you have kept those States out of the Union so far as representation was concerned; for two years you have kept this country disturbed and distracted; trade, commerce and business have been uncertain and shivering; industry has been fearful to put forth its hand or capital to trust to any enterprise; the spirit of harmony and of union has been passing away from both sections of the country, because of the strife that you have thus kept up. For what have you done it? What end have you attained? What good has come? Was the Constitution as amended in North Carolina not right? Our fathers said it was right when they formed the Union with North Carolina, as one of the original thirteen; they said it was a republican form of government, and they lived with N. Carolina contentedly. If North Carolina came with her old Constitution, and abolished slavery and adopted other amendments, why did you not let her in? Why have you kept this country distracted, its business disturbed, the hopes of the people depressed for two years, when these constitutions, with these provisions, came to you, and there was nothing to do but to admit the States to representation? Answer that question to the judgment of the country, and your policy of reconstruction will stand better in popular judgment. Then what have you accomplished by this delay? You have not abolished slavery, because that was done before you commenced by a constitution that the people of each State in the South were satisfied with. What have you done to make it any better than the JOHNSON policy made it? You have excluded from the right of voting a portion of the white people, and you have given the right to vote to the negroes. If you can tell of any other thing that you have done by this controversy and strife, this disturbance of the country, this rejection of constitutions agreed to by the people—if you can tell of anything else you have accomplished, the country would like to know what it is.

IN the causes of complaint which the Colonies made against the British Crown, our fathers declared, in speaking of the King, that—

He has made judges dependent on his will alone for the tenure of their offices and the amount and payment of their salaries.

He has kept among us in times of peace standing armies without the consent of our Legislatures.

He has affected to render the military independent of and superior to the civil powers.

For imposing taxes on us without our consent.

For depriving us in many cases of the benefits of trial by jury.

The Southern people can repeat the same old tale. Ten States are now subject to military rule. Civil tribunals are under the censorship of military satraps. The lives, liberty and persons of the people are subject to military authority. Juries are abolished. The right of *habeas corpus* is under the control of a military autocrat. Conventions have been empowered to fix their own salaries, and to levy taxes from the people for their payment. Governors, judges, legislators and office holders, elected by the people, can be displaced by the stroke of a pen in the hands of the tyrant who lords it over his empire. The negro has been enfranchised and the white man disfranchised. Southern institutions are blotted out by the despot's hand. Southern people are domineered and tyranized over in order to give freedom to the people! "Oh, Liberty! what crimes are perpetrated in thy name."

The Democratic State Convention of West Virginia has issued an address to the people of that section, in which the Radicals are indicted in a most searching manner—of which the following is a fair specimen. There is meat enough in it for a hundred speeches:

DISTRESS AT THE SOUTH PRODUCES PROSTRATION AT THE NORTH.

The evil influences of bayonet reconstruction is not confined to the South.

The entire country feels it.

Northern business languishes for want of Southern trade.

Northern factories are silent because Southern pockets are empty.

Western granaries and storehouses are full, but poverty possesses their ancient market, and their former buyers are now begging bread.

A commercial crash is imminent, and business stands still and trembles at the prospect.

The manufacturing interests of the nation are crippled and almost crushed.

The spindle is motionless; the shuttle is silent; the forge and the furnace are deserted; the workshop is vacant; the mill is closed.

The hands of the artisan are unemployed and empty; his children are starving, homeless, and in rags.

The impoverishment of the South throws the entire burden of *taxation* upon the North and West.

The Southern States can render no assistance, while the Government grinds them with an iron heel.

If their people shared its benefits they would be impelled to productive ability.

As they partake only of its severities, they could not support it if they could, and so long as it oppresses them, if they are fit to be freemen, they would not support it if they could.

The declaration of leading Republicans in Congress leave no room to doubt that the action of that body has been taken with reference to the future of the Radical party, rather than the unity of the American Republic.

The National Legislature has become a mere machine for the manufacture of Radical majorities.

Its material is the worst and lowest class of humanity, barely rescued from the brutality of the savage state by contact with civilization.

A valuable adjunct in the work is the exclusion of white intelligence and experience from participation in the Government.

The guarantee of success is the red right hand of the War Department.

A system which is based upon negro stupidity, supported by bayonets, and designed to secure partisan triumphs through the enslavement of men of our own race, may be instituted here through force and fraud, but if it can endure in this land the American people have learned liberty to no purpose, and well deserve to be taught its value under the stern tutelage of tyranny which awaits them in the future of Radical supremacy.

The passenger train on the Louisville and Nashville railroad ran off the track Sunday morning, by the displacement of a switch, a short distance from Louisville. The locomotive ran into some cars on the side track and was badly stove up. The accident retarded the train about an hour.

It is understood that Governor Brownlow is willing to restore the Northwestern Railroad to the company, and that such an arrangement will be effected during the present week. Mr. M. Burns was re-elected President and Mr. H. L. Claiborne as Secretary and Treasurer at a recent meeting of the Directors in Nashville.

Boyd & Co., solicitors of patents, 208 Pine street, St Louis, officially report to the AVALANCHE the following complete list of patents granted Southern inventors for the week ending February 18, 1868: G. M. McMahon, Mt. Sterling, Kentucky, window and door blind awning; J. T. Casson, Greensboro, North Carolina, bolt puncher; F. King, Richmond, Virginia; gas generator; T. C. Handry, Union Point, Georgia, combined square and gauge.

The Nashville *Union and Dispatch* of the 25th says that the arrangement between the Memphis, Clarksville, and Louisville railroad and Louisville and Nashville railroad, made on the 18th, is working satisfactorily. Dr. Cuff, the Receiver, and Mr. Robert Meek, the Superintendent, have paid the employes as far as their means would go, and are applying every dollar coming into their hands to that purpose. A portion of the employes have been fully paid, and the remainder partially paid or capital to trust to any enterprise; the spirit of harmony and of union has been passing away from both sections of the country, because of the strife that you have thus

BY TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

Further News Regarding the Impeachment of the President.

The California Legislature Passes Resolutions Censuring Congress.

Proceedings of the Fortieth Congress.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, February 26.

The delay of the House Committee of Seven in framing articles of impeachment against President Johnson, is said to be owing to the fact that an impression exists that he cannot be convicted by the Senate, on the prominent charge of violating the tenure of office act. Hence the Committee are engaged to-day in framing articles with a view to secure a united party vote, and, if possible, to avoid all doubts.

It was agreed to-day by a majority of the Committee of Ways and Means, to repeal a bill relative to the whisky tax, at two dollars per gallon.

General Thomas did not visit the War Department to-day, but after his discharge from custody went to the Executive Mansion and, after a short interview with the President, retired to his home.

The President to-day sent to the Senate the nomination of John W. Caldwell as Minister to Bolivia.

The statements are unfounded that recent regulations for issuing passports, have been promulgated.

Reports have been in circulation this morning that the Secretary of the Treasury had given orders that requisitions from the War Department, signed by Secretary Stanton, should not be honored at the Treasury. All such reports are without foundation, as requisitions from Stanton for various amounts on account of the War Department were passed through the proper bureaus this morning.

The room of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia was crowded this morning with both white and black spectators, to witness the proceedings in the case of General Thomas, who on Saturday gave bail for his appearance before Chief Justice Carter. The members of the bar were also largely represented. General Thomas came into the room accompanied by his counsel, Richard S. Merrick and Walter S. Cox, with James H. Bradley as advisory counsel.

At twenty minutes past one, by order of Judge Carter, the Criminal Court opened.

A subpœna was issued this morning to Stanton, to appear and bring with him his commission as Secretary of War, and also certain official papers.

After some business was transacted, Judge Odin came into Court and took his seat on the right of Chief Justice Carter, Judge Fisher being on the left.

At twenty minutes past eleven, Judge Carter asked whether the counsel were ready to proceed with the case of the United States against Adjutant General Thomas.

An effort was made by the prosecution to continue the case until to morrow, but the defense objected, and General Thomas was finally discharged.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 26.

The Legislature has adopted resolutions approving of the action of the President, and censuring Congress.

The course pursued by the independent press, on the coast, is generally in support of Congress. A leading Democratic paper of this city, calls on the President to declare martial law in the District of Columbia, and suspend all civil business, including Congress, until the people can speak.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, February 26.

The Senate of Pennsylvania has passed a resolution indorsing the impeachment of Mr. Johnson. The resolution will probably be passed by the House to day.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, February 26.

The Convention to day adopted articles 32 to 91, inclusive, with the amendment recommended by the Special Committee, not altering the general tenor.

FROM LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, February 26.

The river is stationary, with six feet five inches in the canal. The weather is cloudy. Thermometer, 54°.

Fortieth Congress---First Session.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, February 26.

Mr. Patterson, of New Hampshire, presented a petition from 4,000 citizens of Louisiana, setting forth their grievances and hardships. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Stewart, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill for the surrender of persons convicted of certain crimes, with amendments. It forbids persons adjudged guilty of certain crimes being elected to enter the United States, and authorizes the President, on satisfactory evidence, to prevent the entrance of such convicts, and to deliver them up to the country from whence they came.

Mr. Stewart, on the subject of extradition, during which it appeared that the bill was not to apply to persons convicted of political offenses, and that it was introduced to meet cases in a country with which we have no extradition treaties, Mr. Sherman offered as an amendment that the principles of extradition treaties be applied to those countries. After further discussion the bill was recommitted.

Mr. Howard, from the select committee of seven, to whom was referred the message of the House on the subject of impeachment, reported the following resolution:

WHEREAS, The House of Representatives, on the 25th day of the present month, by two of their members, Messrs. Stevens and Bingham, at the bar of the Senate, impeached Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, of high crimes and misdemeanors in office, and informed the Senate that the House of Representatives will, in due time, exhibit particular articles of impeachment against him and make good the same; and likewise demanded that the Senate will take the proper order thereon, of which due notice will be given the House of Representatives.

The committee also recommend that the Secretary of the Senate be directed to notify the House of Representatives of the passage of this resolution.

[The resolution does not accompany the report, as it should.—REP.]

The order was accordingly made.

On motion of Mr. Saulsbury, the Senate took up the supplementary Reconstruction bill.

The bill was postponed until Monday.

Several messages from the President were presented. Also a communication from him transmitting the report of the Secretary of State, in reply to a resolution of inquiry relative to the appointment of Mr. Burlingame to diplomatic and other missions by the Emperor of China. Also a report from Gen. Grant in reply to a resolution calling for copies of the orders issued in regard to the Third Military District to Generals Pope and Meade, which was referred to the Military Committee.

Mr. Trumbull, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill defining the jurisdiction of the United States Courts in certain cases, introduced February 17, with amendments, striking out the clause dissolving all cases now pending in the Supreme Court, which have grown out of the execution of the reconstruction acts, and changing the various acts which authorise an appeal in such cases to the Supreme Court, and to that suspension, and providing that no law heretofore passed, extending the judicial system of the United States over the ten rebel States, shall be construed to recognise any State government existing therein, until the Senators and Representatives from such States shall be nominated, or Congress shall recognise a State government therein as valid.

HOUSE.

Mr. Mangum, of Ohio, asked leave to offer a resolution reciting that the welfare of the country, and especially of the dominant party at this particular juncture, imperatively demand the admission of at least one State under the reconstruction act, and that it had been ascertained that many of the Alabama freedmen had deposited their ballots in the postoffices, contrary to the instructions of the military commander, and declaring it highly improper that they should be lost; and that without further delay, Alabama be admitted into the Union, and that any member of any party, "or any other man," voting against this resolution, be adjudged "guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors," and be immediately impeached. The resolution was not received.

Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, asked leave to have taken from the Speaker's table, the Senate amendments to the supplementary reconstruction bill, that they might be non concurred in, and a committee of conference appointed.

Mr. Hollman, of Indiana, objected, and the House went into a Committee of the Whole on the bill, making a partial appropriation for the expenses of the Indian Department, to the amount of $225,000. Pending its discussion, the Committee rose, and a message was received from the Senate informing the House that the Senate will take the proper order on the proceedings of impeachment, and that due notice shall be given to the house.

On the motion of Mr. Payne, the Senates substitute for the supplementary reconstruction bill was concurred in. Yeas, 96; nays, 32.

The bill now goes to the President for his signature.

The House went into a Committee of the Whole again on the Indian appropriation bill.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Lessee and Manager.....W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager.....SHIRLEY H. FRANCE
Treasurer.....C. D. STRINKUNE

THURSDAY EVENING, February 27, 1868 will be presented the Grand Fairy Spectacle of the BLACK CROOK. Beautiful Parisienne Ballet Troupe. Brilliant and Gorgeous Scenery. Music, Dancing, Songs, Duetts, Transformation, Marches, etc., presenting the most happy combination of wonder and delight ever witnessed.

SATURDAY, February 29, MATINEE—Doors open at 12, to begin at 1, precisely.

CHANGE OF TIME—Doors open at quarter past seven. Curtain will rise at quarter to eight.

Seats can be secured six days in advance.
Box Office open from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m., and from 2 to 5 p. m.
Tickets and Secured Seats admissable only on the night for which they are purchased.
Attentive Ushers are engaged to show visitors to their seats.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of J. T. BIGGS & CO., at Collierville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, by the withdrawal of Lindauer, Arnold & Co.

J. T. BIGGS.
LINDAUER, ARNOLD & CO.

In withdrawing from our late business connection with Mr. J. T. BIGGS, it affords us much pleasure to recommend him to the confidence of the commercial world. J. T. BIGGS is also authorized to settle the outstanding business

LINDAUER, ARNOLD & CO. feb27

A No. 1 Store for Rent at Auction.

I WILL RENT ON FRIDAY MORNING, the 28th instant, on the premises, store No —, on the northwest corner of DeSoto and Gayoso streets. Sale at 11 o'clock.

F. O. CUNEO, Executor. feb27

FOR SALE ON TEN YEARS' TIME Seventy acres of good land, situated six miles from Memphis, on the Germantown plank road, suitable for either farming or garden purposes. A small cash payment required, balance on long time. Apply at 324 Main street. feb27

Black Seed Oats,

FOR SALE BY

DENIE & CO., 41 South Court Street. feb27

Chancery Court Sale of Land.

Charles S. Slater vs. Robert Slater et al., minor heirs at law of Sarah Slater, deceased, and T. P. Slater, their guardian. Petition for Sale of Land for Division.

BY virtue of a decree made by the County Court of Shelby County, Tennessee, in the above entitled cause at the February term, 1868, thereof, I will proceed to sell before the Court House door, in the city of Memphis, to the highest and best bidder, on

Saturday, March 28, 1868,

Between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four p. m., the following described tract of land, lying in Shelby county, Tennessee, in the First Civil District, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake 17 links west of a hickory marked as a corner Benjamin Herald's northwest corner of his 160 acre tract; thence west 34 chains 15 links to a stake at the end of a lane on the south side of the Randolph road, twenty-two links west of a red oak pointer; thence south with said lane 13 chains 30 links to a stake and red oak bush pointer; thence east 17 chains 15 links to a stake in the field; thence south 5 chains 80 links to a stake with post oak and dogwood pointers; thence east 17 chains 2 links to a stake in said Herald's west boundary line; thence north with said line to the beginning; containing fifty acres, more or less.

TERMS OF SALE—One-half (½) cash; on the balance a credit until the 1st day of January, 1869—the deferred payment to be secured by note with two good personal security, which shall be a lien on the land until the whole amount is paid.

JOHN LOAGUE, Clerk.

By BERNARD COLL, D. C.
FINLAY & KELLAR, Solicitors. feb27

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee, } ss.

THIS is to give notice, that on the 26th day of February, A. D., 1868, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

WILLIAM S. BOND,

Of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 490 Main street, in Waldran Block, Memphis, Tenn., before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 6th day of April, A. D., 1868, at 10 o'clock, a.m. Memphis, Tenn., 26th day of February, A. D., 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, Western District of Tenn.
By J. M. CURRIE,
Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger. feb27

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee, } ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 26th day of February A. D., 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

B. W. WILLIAMSON,

of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 490 Main street, in Waldran Block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 6th day of April, A. D., 1868, at 10 o'clock, a. m. Memphis, Tennessee, 26th day of February, A. D., 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
United States Marshal, as Messenger,
By J. M. CURRIE, Western District of Tennessee.
Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. feb27

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee, } ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 26th day of February, A. D., 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

GENERAL GREEN ELLIS,

Of ——, in the county of McNairy and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 490 Main street, in Waldran block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 6th day of April, A. D., 1868, at 10 o'clock, a.m. Memphis, Tenn., 26th day of February, A. D., 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
United States Marshal, as Messenger,
By J. M. CURRIE, Western District of Tennessee.
Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. feb27

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee, } ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 26th day of February, A. D., 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

M. V. B. THOMAS,

of Union Depot, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 490 Main street, in Waldran block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on 26 day of April, A. D., 1868, at 10 o'clock a.m. Memphis, Tennessee, 26th day of February, A.D., 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
United States Marshal, as Messenger,
By J. M. CURRIE, Western District of Tennessee.
Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. feb27

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee, } ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 26th day of February, A. D., 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

FELIX J. SPENCER,

of ——, in the county of McNairy and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 490 Main street, Waldran block, Memphis Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 6th day of April, A. D., 1868, at 10 o'clock a.m. Memphis, Tennessee, 26th day of February, A. D., 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
United States Marshal, as Messenger,
By J. M. CURRIE, Western District of Tennessee.
Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. feb27

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee, } ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 26th day of February, A. D., 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

S. M. ANDERSON,

Of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 490 Main street, in Waldran Block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 21 day of April, A. D., 1868, at 10 o'clock, a.m. Memphis, Tenn., 26th day of February, A. D., 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
United States Marshal, as Messenger,
By J. M. CURRIE, Western District of Tennessee.
Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. feb27

FASHIONABLE

Boot and Shoemakers.

LINDAUER & BRO. Agents.

THIS well known firm is now located at 324 Second street, between South Court and Madison, opposite the Bank Block.

OLD WINE & LIQUOR HOUSE

Established by Raphael Semmes in 1819.

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,

Irving Block, 254 Second Street, Memphis, Tenn.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS, ETC.

Import Direct

Martell Brandies, Port, Sherry and Other Wines,

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Moet & Chandon's "Green Seal" Champagne.

Yannissee and Westmoreland Whiskey

oct

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,

GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 209 Main Street, Four Doors North of Adams, Memphis, Tenn.,

General Dealers in Plantation Supplies.

IN ADDITION, ALWAYS HAVE

Choice Michigan Butter,	Extra Golden Syrup,	Buckwheat Flour.
Shaker Preserves,	Canned Fruits, Pickles,	Green and Black Teas,
Sugar, Flour, Meal, Lard,	Sugar Cured Hams,	Breakfast Bacon,
Choice Coffees,	Irish Potatoes, Hominy,	Beans, Pearl Barley.

Have in store a consignment of DRIED PEACHES—finest in the market.

Captain KEALHOFER gives special attention to Cotton and Produce consigned to the house. ja30

GREAT WESTERN PRODUCE DEPOT!

No. 3 Promenade Street, Elliott Block, Memphis, Tenn.

W. P. WRIGHT,

Storage, Forwarding & General Commission Merchant

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Meal, Flour, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Apples, Potatoes, Onions and Produce generally; also, Lime, Cement and Plaster.

I sell for Cash only, consequently at Lowest Prices. Particular attention given to filling orders oc

WORSHAM HOUSE

Memphis, Tennessee,

GALLOWAY & ROYALL, Proprietors.

Board Reduced from $4 00 to $3 00 per Day.

WOODRUFF & CO.,

No. 179 Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee,

DEALERS IN

Carriages, Rockaways, Buggies, Phætons Wagons,

AND ALL KINDS OF CARRIAGE MATERIAL.

Spokes, Hubs, Felloes, Shafts, Wheels, Buggy Bodies, Iron, Leather,

PAINTS AND TRIMMINGS.

Also, BUGGY AND CARRIAGE HARNESS. All of which are offered at prices to suit the times. Call and examine our Stock before purchasing.

WOODRUFF & CO. do!

Notice of Dissolution.

THE firm of H. N. & B. N. HART is this day dissolved by mutual consent. HENRY N. HART retiring from said firm.

Memphis, February 25, 1868. B. NEWTON HART.

In retiring from the firm of H. N. & B. N. HART, it is only on account of a call from my old friends at St. Louis to renew my practice in that city, which I could not refrain from according to. The card in connection with Mr.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

THURSDAY, : : : FEBRUARY 27, 1868

OFFICIAL JOURNAL

OF THE CITY AND BOARD OF SCHOOL VISITORS.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail Daily	2:50 P.M.	2:50 P.M.
Corinth and Grand Junction Accommodation, Daily	9:27 P.M.	10:20 A.M.
Somerville Accommodation (daily, except Sunday)	8:40 A.M.	5:00 P.M.

Railroad time twenty minutes faster than city time. Ticket offices, 278 Main street and at Depot.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express—Daily	3:55 P.M.	4:10 P.M
Hards Accommodation	10:00 A.M	1:50 P.M
Freight	3:15 P.M.	5:40 A.M

Express runs daily. Accommodation and Freight daily except Sunday. Time to New Orleans 28 hours and 40 minutes.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	3:15 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Night Express	3:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
Brownsville Accommodation	10:00 A.M.	4:00 P.M.

Railroad time 15 minutes faster than city. Ticket office No. 237½ Main street. Depot head of Main street.

POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pitsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities North and West, at 2:05 P.M.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, New York, Nashville and all cities South and East, at 12:45 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Vicksburg, Natches, and all cities South, at 2:30 p.m.

All stations on Mississippi and Tennessee Southern and New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroads, at 3:15 p.m.

All stations on the Memphis and Louisville and Branch railroads, at 3:30 p.m.

All stations on the Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee Railroads, at 12:45 p.m.

ROBERT C. GIST, Postmaster.

THE MARBIE CASE.—This case was given to the jury yesterday, at about four o'clock. Colonel Gantt closed for the prosecution, and his legal friends say that it was the effort of his life, and that at times he was grandly eloquent. We had promised ourselves an intellectual treat in listening to him, but other engagements prevented us from hearing his impassioned and eloquent oration.

THE BLACK CROOK.—Another good house greeted the Black Crook last night, and the performance passed off well. Mr. Roach was not in the cast, but all things worked well. Arrangements have been made to run excursion trains from all parts of the surrounding country to give the people an opportunity of attending it. If they succeed as well as the Brownsville train did on Tuesday night, the Crook will run for some weeks yet.

MERCHANTS' LUNCH.—There will be hereafter a merchants' lunch at the "IXL" saloon, on Jefferson street on the corner of the ally between Main and Front streets, from twelve to one o'clock. That it will be a good one, every man who knows the gentlemanly proprietor of the saloon will vouch. It will be a great convenience to our merchants, who, under the proposed arrangement, need not be under the necessity of bringing a lunch from home. Call and see him to-day.

PERSONAL.—General Albert Pike has announced his intention of continuing with the *Appeal* as its editor-in-chief, and the firm name of the paper has been changed to Albert Pike & Co.

A dissolution of the well known firm of Pittman, Parker & Co., is announced.

A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by F. S. Richards, Speaker of our House of mis-Representatives.

The agency of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, at Knoxville, is conducted by Major W. P. Clayburne, late of this city.

The Rev. Dr. A. H. Kerr, who has been sick for some time, is now convalescing, and is staying at the house of Colonel J. S. Kerr, on DeSoto street

BURGLARY ON MAIN STREET.—The grocery and commission house of Mercer & Tally, corner of Main and Washington streets, was entered in a burglarious manner, between one and two o'clock yesterday morning, and goods to the amount of five hundred dollars stolen. An entrance was made by prizing open the front door, which must have been insecurely bolted, as no heavy "tools" seem to have been used. The articles taken consisted of wines and liquors, tea, tobacco, and candies, and, from the latter article, the robbery is supposed to have been perpetrated by Mackerels.

LEMON'S PATENT GRATE.—We would again call the attention of our readers to this fine improvement. Mr. Lemon is a Memphis Alderman, and one of the best mechanics in the city in his line. This alone should commend him, did not the actual benefits to be derived from his grate more than repay its use, both in the additional heat engendered, and the saving of fuel which it causes. We cannot commend this grate too highly, for there is more of economy and warmth in it than in anything of the kind ever used. We should be glad to see it generally adopted, as it will be, as soon as the public understand its merits.

STREET CLEANING.—Messrs. J. Boyd & Son have a large force on all the streets on which is laid the Nicolson pavement, engaged in cleaning the streets by raking up and carting away the mud and filth which necessarily accumulates every day. This firm deserve credit for the satisfactory manner in which they execute this work, and we hope every house on their routes of labor will contribute liberally to the furtherance of the project. Summer will soon be here, and to avoid the visits of those epidemic diseases which have heretofore swept over our city every recurring hot season, we must keep our streets clean and the air pure. No one should object to paying a reasonable amount monthly to secure such a result as a healthy city.

Items in Brief.

The Right Rev. Bishop of this Diocese has issued the following regulations which will be duly observed by all good Catholics during Lent: "During Lent there will be permission to use flesh meat in this diocese by dispensation on the following days: On all Sundays; on all Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays; on all Saturdays except the Saturday after the first Sunday of Lent, and on Holy Saturday."

The following petitions in bankruptcy have been filed since the 21st instant: Benjamin Washer, F. S. Richards, Shelby county; John C Graves, Robert B. Allen, Fayette county; N. C. Whitlow, Hardeman county; M. Gonfield, Haywood county.

We hear it reported, and upon pretty good authority, that negroes are being imported from Mississippi to swell the registration at present going on in this city. Let the infamous poltroons who are attempting to perpetrate this and other frauds bear in mind that they are watched on every hand, and when the time comes will be exposed to the gaze of an injured community.

The receipts of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad for the months of January and February, the books of the Treasurer, were as follows: Passengers, $53,500; freight, $45,420; mail, $3,430; express, $6,200; rents and privileges, $859—total, $108,409. Operating expenses, $47,064; net earnings, $62,345.

The "Canterbury," on Monroe, near the corner of Main, will be reopened this evening, and run in future under the name of the "Gayeties." There's little to be said, we doubt not, in the many patrons of the old "Canterbury" will find the "Gayeties" quite as attractive a resort.

The case of the State vs. Joseph Flynn, D. L. Henry and D. C. Castello, charged with "taking chances at Keno," is engaging the attention of the Municipal Court. It is high time that the officers of the law took a hand in the game.

Among the arrivals in the city yesterday was the local baggage agent of the Memphis and Louisville railroad, who is searching for the trunks of Mr. Edwin Forrest, the eminent tragedian, which were lost between this city and St. Louis, about two weeks ago. The trunks contained all of Mr. Forrest's wardrobe, and he was unable to fulfill his engagement in St. Louis owing to the loss. He has sued the company for $2,000.

Lucinda Gay was, yesterday, arrested for stealing $20 in currency and $1 75 in silver. She stole it from P. P. Higgins, who lives on the corner of Fourth and Exchange streets.

John Kennedy stole $40 and a pistol from James Somers, living near the Charleston depot. In order to succeed he drugged his victim, but did not get off. Officer Gall secured him.

Boston Pointer was arrested yesterday by Officer McElroy for having a gold watch in his possession which he could not account for. The "ticker" was valued at one hundred dollars, and he offered to sell it for ten dollars, which led to his arrest.

The residence of T. D. Davis, on Promenade street, was entered and robbed of clothing to the value of eighty dollars, Tuesday night. Davis is thankful that he got off so cheap, but would be better pleased could he find William Thompson and William McBride, who are charged with the robbery. We learn since we wrote the above that William Thompson has been arrested.

A crazy man named Bob Smith was yesterday taken from the hospital and put in jail, preliminary to his transportation to the Asylum.

Albert Pickens stole a quantity of sacks yesterday from J. B. Paine. He was committed by 'Squire Gibson, and will be examined on the 27th.

John Martin, chrrged with an attempt to kill a negro with an ax, on President Island, was yesterday, discharged by 'Squire Walton, the evidence not being sufficient to hold him over.

Yesterday, officer Seltzrik recovered a sorrel horse mule from J. O. Ellis, which was stolen some days ago. It was valued at $150.

Officer Shoke also recovered a bay horse from J. Woolridge, which was valued at $75.

Wm. Thompson had a quantity of cloth which he had to give up to the police. It was worth $50.

On Tuesday Commissioner Sears registered 704 voters. It was the colored day, but he was equally as hard at work yesterday, and if the lists were larger the registration would be so too.

The house of D. A. Clark, 253 Hernando street, was entered on Tuesday night, and almost all the provisions in it carried off. The back window was taken out, and over one hundred dollars worth of groceries departed. The robbery was committed by negroes.

COLORED MEETING.

The Colored Democrats in Council.

An Attempt Made to Break up the Meeting.

They Fail Because the Colored Democrats are Supported by their White Friends.

Ed. Shaw, With His Band of Robbers, Garroters and Gamblers, Compelled to Retire.

We attended the colored Democratic meeting last night, determined to see for ourselves how matters would be conducted, and whether the negro thieves under the lead of that imp from Pandemonium, Ed. Shaw, would undertake to interfere with the proceedings. The meeting was orderly and well conducted, and would have been entirely harmonious had not Ed. Shaw undertaken to run it in the interest of the Radicals. After Mr. Thomas had concluded his argument, a motion was made to allow Dr. Tolles to make a speech. This was promptly nipped in the bud by several gentlemen present, who understood the object of the movement, and Tolles was not allowed to speak. Ed. Shaw, about this time, perceiving that he could not break up the meeting, nor turn it into a Radical pow-wow, and that the white gentlemen present were determined and *meant business*, withdrew his thieves, and the meeting from that time went on harmoniously.

The meeting was called to order by Albert Johnson. M. Johnson was called to the chair and Fred. Bruce was appointed Secretary. Mr. Johnson, in accepting the position, made a few very sensible remarks, in which he impressed upon the colored men of Memphis their duty upon the present occasion.

It was then moved and carried that Burley Mitchell act as first Vice-President, and T. H. Nichols and James DeLap were appointed assistant Vice-Presidents.

The first speaker was Mr. Albert Thomas, who at once launched forth in a plain, sensible argument upon the questions at issue. He said the war is over, and it is our duty now not to carry on the issues engendered by the war. This should have been dropped long ago. We are dependent upon the white man for our very subsistence, and if we place ourselves in opposition to him we cannot expect him to give us work and protection. If we go for degrading him, how can we expect him to elevate us? For himself, he could not identify his interests with people who have never had any interests in the city or State. We should do unto others as we wish them to do unto us. He asked the very pertinent question, can I live in a man's house, receive benefits from him, and then turn around afterwards and vote and go for men who counsel me to degrade my friend? He compared the Democratic party to St. Paul before he was converted. He was once a persecutor of the Christian church, but afterwards became a chosen vessel of emancipation had attributed that one act of his life, which has transmitted his name to posterity as the "great liberator," to military necessity. Had the South, on the other hand, seen that it would have aided them equally in the struggle to have given freedom to their slaves, no doubt Mr. Davis, would have forestalled Mr. Lincoln in the authorship of that memorable instrument, the emancipation proclamation of 1862. He had no reason to think that the Northern man was a better friend of his race than the people of the South. He supposed that every reading colored man must have known that slavery existed at one time even in Massachusetts, and that after her citizens had found slave labor unprofitable in their frigid climate and on their barren soil, and sold their negroes South, they still contributed to perpetuating the institution by engaging in the slave trade. Four-fifths of all the vessels that sailed into African waters from this continent, were owned, fitted out and run in the interests of Boston, the very home of Wendell Phillips and Lloyd Garrison.

While the war was going on, he, (the speaker,) was offered his freedom if he would join the Federal army, and he therefore enlisted; he would do again under like circumstances. When the war was over, and after he had fought it through, he went North with some seventy of his comrades, to be mustered out and paid off. He was by accident landed at Cairo, Ill., and there he proceeded to Centralia in the same State. Here his party got off the cars, and so afraid were the citizens of the town that they might settle there, that a mob was raised to drive them off. This occurred in the North, and this is the love of the Northern people for the colored race. He was wanted South, but he was not wanted North, and God deliver him from ever being thrown into that section, and upon the tender mercies of that people. The speaker then alluded to the oppressive tax on cotton, which, as he said, falls heaviest upon the colored man. He also alluded to the present disturbed condition of the nation, and the political excitement convulsing the people, and said that the day might not be far distant when the black man may need a friend in the South. The North might have all it could do then to attend to its own affairs, and the carpet-bag friends of the negro South would be very apt to be missing just then.

After his conclusion an attempt was made by the Radical negroes to take control of the meeting, and a motion was made that Dr. Talles should speak next. Loud and boisterous cries came from the body of the hall, but were soon quieted through the coolness and determination of the intelligent portion of the audience, and the political excitement convulsing the people, and said that the day might not be far distant when the black man may need a friend in the South. The North might have all it could do then to attend to its own affairs, and the carpet-bag friends of the negro South would be very apt to be missing just then.

Of the promise of one hundred and sixty acres of land held out to his race, for their votes, he had never known any one of his acquaintances yet to get more than six feet—several of them had got that, and were occupying it very quietly.

During his remarks the speaker was frequently interrupted with cheers and applause, as he made his salient points, and drove home his well aimed blows at the corruption and falsity of Radicalism.

The next speaker was James Bishop. He said that he was not much of a speaker, but would do his best. There were two candidates for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, one of whom was Mr. Pat Winters, who had done more real good to the colored man than any other man in town. He went after Colonel Beaumont heavily, and charged him with taking colored men and selling them for $15 apiece. When Beaumont is a Radical I must be a Conservative. Winters must be elected Sheriff of Shelby county, and he will be if my vote, or my work, can make him. I have voted and worked for these Radicals, and to-day if I should go to one of them and ask for a mouthful of meal to feed my starving family, would I get it? No. I have asked them for favors when necessity compelled me, but I never got any. Go to your old master, or any Southern man who has known you in slavery, and he will not go back on you, or refuse to divide his last mouthful with you. He went along illustrating at some length the position of the Radical party toward the colored men, and conclusively proved that their true friends were the Southern men.

Tom Avent followed, and said he had been a slave, and he intended, if necessary, to loose the last drop of his blood for his Southern friends. At the beginning of the war the colored people were prosperous and happy. Now we have nothing. Every good soldier who came from the North at the conclusion of the war, went home, but the thieves staid here, and from that time to the present they have done nothing but steal. He wanted every Radical negro discharged by his Conservative friends, and if this was done the gamblers, poker-players and root doctors would soon find their level. He would not have a root doctor to visit his family, and if one of them ever gave a dose of medicine to his child he would have to seek assistance from some of his Conservative friends, for there would be a shooting affair—sure. He closed amid much applause.

Mr. Bruce followed, and said the colored race had lived for three years under Radical rule, and they have even in that short time sounded the lowest depths of degradation. The Radicals pretend to be the friends of the colored men, and no doubt they are—for his vote, and after that is given he has no further use for him. Who owns the land of the country? Where are the men of our race to get employment, and gain a living? Has Barbour Lewis an inch of ground, or would he give you a dollar? No he and his party had come here, carpet bag in hand, and as soon as they could succeed in filling them they would leave on the first train for the North, and leave the colored men to enjoy the benefit of the hate which they had engendered.

At the conclusion of his remarks, the meeting adjourned until Saturday night.

THE DOCUMENT.

The Original Paper Given to Our Readers.

We were the first to publish the fact that certain political tricksters were working for the overthrow of the city Government. We, before we said a word, were certain that the main facts were correct, although we might be mistaken in regard to particulars. This morning we publish the bill in full, as laid before the Memphis delegation for their approval. This we tell our readers; and again assure them of the additional fact, that the names we have already mentioned in connection with it, as Commissioners, were used to influence the Shelby delegation; and further, that the measure is not yet dead, but that, on the contrary, several of our wealthiest taxpayers have lately been solicited to give their names and means and influence to the scheme. We have the document in our possession; it is genuine; we know it, and the man who wrote it, as we believe, is now trembling beneath his load of judicial ermine, from the fear that his name shall be brought into connection with it. Of this latter fact we are not fully satisfied, but should we find it to be so, his name in connection with the nefarious scheme shall be published "should the heavens fall," and though it were to embroil us in a thousand "contempt" cases. We have a duty to perform to Memphis, to her people and, God willing, we shall do it, as we have always done without a thought of the consequences to us personally. We tell our readers that there shall not a festering ulcer feed upon the body politic of this city if we know it, and have life, and strength and power to expose the gangrened disgrace to the people. We are on the watchtower, and the hellions and thieves who are battening upon the life blood vitals of the tax payers of this day. The bible said that the people of Ethiopia would one day become a people, and they are fast becoming so, but they never will be if they adhere to the Radical party. They have promised you land, but they lied to you when they did so. The only way you can ever get your land is to go to work, and when you make a dollar save it, invest it in land, and become part and parcel of the people of the country. It is the only way you will ever get it. The New England States in the first place sold us into slavery; brought us from our native African homes, and almost forced us upon the people of the South. We, as a people, are too poor to hold ourselves together, and we must depend upon the whites; and all thinking colored men know that what is the white man's interest is also the colored man's. He recollected when all the colored men and women in Memphis were assessed two dollars a head by these same men, and when they refused to pay it, were arrested and fined eleven dollars and costs. Who was the real slave holder? I have seen Northern men return, a thousand times, the runaway slaves from the South. What did they do it for? I will tell you. For two or three hundred dollars. Any negro who knows anything knows that while we were in slavery, the North lived at the South whipped us, and the Northern men looked on and saw it well done. If the people of the South—the white men—have no means of living, how will they be able to help us. He has heard how he could go to a white man and ask a favor, when he was opposed to him, and wished to degrade him. Take an instance. There was Pat Winters, a good man, a Conservative, the man who had done more for the colored people of Memphis than all the Radicals in the city. Should we oppose him for any such reason, when he had a thousand times put his hands in his pocket and bought bread and meat for our starving families. Mr. Thomas closed finely, and when he sat down loud and continuous applause greeted him.

After his conclusion an attempt was made by the Radical negroes to take control of the meeting, and a motion was made that Dr. Talles should speak next. Loud and boisterous cries came from the body of the hall, but were soon quieted through the coolness and determination of the intelligent portion of the audience, and the political excitement convulsing the people, and said that the day might not be far distant when the black man may need a friend in the South. The North might have all it could do then to attend to its own affairs, and the carpet-bag friends of the negro South would be very apt to be missing just then.

The question which addresses itself to the mind of every thinking colored man is, who is to be relied upon as his present friend. The inquiry is not, who have been or who have not been friends of his race in the past, or who is making fair promises for the future, but who to-day, under the altered condition of the colored man, is his natural friend, with identical interests, and occupying towards him relations of mutual dependancy. As to the freedom of the black man, he attributed it neither to the people of the North or the South, but looked upon it as an accident of the war in which one beligerent was doing all in its power to cripple the strength and destroy the resources of the other, its avowed enemy. Mr. Lincoln, himself, in his proclamation of emancipation had attributed that one act of his life, which has transmitted his name to posterity as the "great liberator," to military necessity. Had the South, on the other hand, seen that it would have aided them equally in the struggle to have given freedom to their slaves, no doubt Mr. Davis, would have forestalled Mr. Lincoln in the authorship of that memorable instrument, the emancipation proclamation of 1862. He had no reason to think that the Northern man was a better friend of his race than the people of the South. He supposed that every reading colored man must have known that slavery existed at one time even in Massachusetts, and that after her citizens had found slave labor unprofitable in their frigid climate and on their barren soil, and sold their negroes South, they still contributed to perpetuating the institution by engaging in the slave trade. Four-fifths of all the vessels that sailed into African waters from this continent, were owned, fitted out and run in the interests of Boston, the very home of Wendell Phillips and Lloyd Garrison.

While the war was going on, he, (the speaker,) was offered his freedom if he would join the Federal army, and he therefore enlisted; he would do again under like circumstances. When the war was over, and after he had fought it through, he went North with some seventy of his comrades, to be mustered out and paid off. He was by accident landed at Cairo, Ill., and there he proceeded to Centralia in the same State. Here his party got off the cars, and so afraid were the citizens of the town that they might settle there, that a mob was raised to drive them off. This occurred in the North, and this is the love of the Northern people for the colored race. He was wanted South, but he was not wanted North, and God deliver him from ever being thrown into that section, and upon the tender mercies of that people. The speaker then alluded to the oppressive tax on cotton, which, as he said, falls heaviest upon the colored man. He also alluded to the present disturbed condition of the nation, and the political excitement convulsing the people, and said that the day might not be far distant when the black man may need a friend in the South. The North might have all it could do then to attend to its own affairs, and the carpet-bag friends of the negro South would be very apt to be missing just then.

Of the promise of one hundred and sixty acres of land held out to his race, for their votes, he had never known any one of his acquaintances yet to get more than six feet—several of them had got that, and were occupying it very quietly.

During his remarks the speaker was frequently interrupted with cheers and applause, as he made his salient points, and drove home his well aimed blows at the corruption and falsity of Radicalism.

The next speaker was James Bishop. He said that he was not much of a speaker, but would do his best. There were two candidates for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, one of whom was Mr. Pat Winters, who had done more real good to the colored man than any other man in town. He went after Colonel Beaumont heavily, and charged him with taking colored men and selling them for

THE GOOD SAMARITANS.

It is a Colored Society—How it is Governed.

We heard a few particulars yesterday in regard to this society, which we think it is necessary the colored people of Memphis should know. Most of them know that it it is a Radical organization, established for the double purpose of Radical benevolence and influencing the votes and opinions of the men whose wives are connected with it. Heretofore, so far as we could learn, its mission has been good, and it has paid more attention to the calls of meek-eyed charity than it has to politics, and thus far, and no farther, do we commend it. Lately a board of female officers were elected, the President of which was Mrs. Morrison, who last summer, and up to a very recent period, kept a bawdy house, on the corner of Shelby and Gayoso. As soon as she was inaugurated she went in for revolution, and at the next meeting she had a decent, respectable colored girl, named Sarah Chapel, who had been elected Vice President, removed simply because she had expressed a leaning toward Democratic sentiments. This was not the only removal which this hag Morrison made, but several others, and she filled their places with females who, to say the least about them, are not above reproach. The meetings of the society are held in Centenary Chapel, between Causey and Hernando streets, and is very popular among the colored people, as it deserved to be, were it rightly conducted, but if this procuress is allowed to control its actions in favor of Radicalism, it will not be long before every decent colored woman connected with it will resign, so that their names shall not be connected with such a disreputable thing.

COLORED DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

Turn Out, Colored Men, and Show Your Hands.

There will be a meeting of the colored Democrats of Shelby county, on Saturday night, at the Law Court room, at seven and a half o'clock. Good, practical speakers will be on hand to show the colored men of Memphis the danger in which they now stand in arraying themselves against their White friends. Come out, and we guarantee you will learn something which will enlighten you as to who are your true friends. 3t

The Gayoso Bank.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: Many cards and editorials respecting the officers of the Gayoso Savings Institution having been published, for the purpose of vindicating the personal integrity of the officers of the Institution, I beg leave to make known to this community through your colums some facts which are said to be stubborn things. That the people of Memphis may be able to form a correct judgment of the honesty or dishonesty of the motives which have governed the actions of the managers of the Institution, Mr. Lanier, in his card in the *Ledger*, of the 25th instant says:

"At present, I can only regard the failure of the bank as the result of misfortune, and unavoidable under all the circumstances, and not the result of criminal acts or negligences that I am aware of."

Let us see what are the facts. Did Mr. Lanier know, when he first returned from New York, last fall, that the affairs of the bank were in an exceedingly precarious condition?

There is in the possession of the writer evidence of the most unquestionable character, that Mr. Lanier did know that the bank was in the most imminent peril, that the affairs of the bank had been so managed in his absence as to render its condition exceedingly critical, and he so declared himself, on his return home. Mr. Lanier further says:

"There was no favoritism, craft, strategy, malpractice or swindling practiced in paying the checks of the depositors."

Is there "no favoritism," "craft," strategy or swindling in receiving deposits, with the full knowledge that the bank would certainly suspend? Will Mr. Lanier deny that he knew the condition of the bank for weeks before its suspension? Is there no favoritism in giving to favored and preferred creditors a deed in trust on his real estate—his residence—on Union avenue, making E. P. Treseveant trustee?—which instrument is now of record in the Register's office, bearing date February 19, 1868, in favor of B. M. Estes and others, to secure them in the amount of about (65 000) sixty five thousand dollars. Will Mr. Lanier deny the existence of such a record? How, then, can he, with an unblushing effrontery, say there is no favoritism? Does he totally ignore the claims of poor women, decrepit old age and tender youth, in their transactions with the Gayoso Savings Institution? Does it fully satisfy him to indemnify a few favorite friends to whom he looks for his support and vindication of his course in this transaction? Shall huge swindles go unwhipt at the forum of public opinion, when petit larcenies are punished in the State penitentiary?

Respectfully submitted for the consideration of honest people by SUFFERERS.

A WHITE RADICAL SHOOTS AT A COLORED ONE.—The quiet neighborhood in the vicinity of the Southern Hotel was disturbed about nine o'clock last evening, by the discharge of a pistol. It would seem that, shortly before the hour above mentioned, a negro Radical, Sam. Ireland, and the meanest of all Radicals of the Radical school—an Irishman—Hugh McDonough, fell in with each other, and entered into an animated discussion of the political questions of the day. From words the two were about coming to blows, when McDonough drew and discharged a pistol at Ireland, the ball from which passed so near his person as to enter his clothes. After supplying his weapon McDonough turned upon his heel and made down Main street with all speed, doubtless with the impression that Ireland was close after him.

BURIED.—Esquire Creighton was buried yesterday in the old Catholic cemetery. The funeral services were conducted at the church of St. Peters and St. Pauls by the Reverend Father Powers. The funeral cortege was over two miles long.

THE COURTS.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor, etc.* The decrees and orders entered on yesterday were as follows:

McKinney vs Hodges, order of sale
Lanier vs Gayoso Savings Institution; reference to Clerk and Master
Carter vs Jefferson; final decree and appeal
Cozart vs Mississippi and Tennessee railroad; order of sale.
Koffard vs Hartley; reference to Clerk and Master
Friendly vs Walker; order of sale
Walker vs Williamson; injunction dissolved
Union Bank vs Armstrong; as o confirmed
Hill vs Dimmick; receiver appointed
Tennessee Mutual Fire Insurance Company vs Potter; motion for receiver
Plummer vs Myers; order of sale
Wright vs Goldsberry; final decree
Dancey vs Dancey; final decree

Attorneys will apply at the Clerk's desk, for the following causes, decided by the Chancellor:

Hirsch vs Trigg
Danegri vs Mayor and Aldermen of Memphis
Winn vs Bluff City Insurance company
Cross vs Topp
Harden vs Noble
Pointer vs Brinkley
Crisp vs Miller
Rocco vs Beaumont
Hanley vs Beaumont

The Calendar published for yesterday, and un disposed of, will be called up to-day.

SHELBY CIRCUIT COURT—*George W. Reeves, Judge, etc.*—The cases set for trial to-day are:

162 Hallum vs Walker
168 Brenner vs Goodwin
169 McGowen vs Moore
113 Thomas, adm'r vs Williams
118 Hutton, adm'r vs Glenn et al
121 Williams vs Allison
124 Kaufman vs Taylor
125 Duncan vs Coleman et al
132 Allen vs Taylor
134 Baker & Co vs Treat
136 Bond vs Madison
137 Johnson vs Blackwood
138 Thompson, adm'r, vs Williams et al
139 Moore vs Johnson
140 Cohran vs Smith
141 Johnson, Wright & Co vs Cogwell,
142 Bangus vs Ward & McClelland
143 Leary vs Gibson
144 Short vs Williams
145 Leary vs Finnie
146 Murphy and Cash vs Rogers et al
147 Leonard, use, etc., vs Wheeler adm'x
148 Hart & Hikox vs same
149 State of Tennessee, use, etc., vs Ferguson et al
150 Lane, by next friend, vs Blackwell, adm'r

The above cases will be called peremptorily and tried or continued, regardless of the absence of attorneys.

CRIMINAL COURT—*William Hunter, Judge.*—The case of the State vs. Marre closed yesterday. The jury had not rendered a verdict up to a late hour. At five o'clock the jury returned to Court, and stated that they could not agree. Judge Hunter ordered them to report at ten o'clock to day.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*George W. Waldran, Judge.* The cases set for trial to-day are:

444 The State vs W. Atchison
446 Same vs Joseph Flynn
461 to 468 Same vs D C Castillo
1082 and 1083 State vs M C Castillo

BANKRUPTCY COURT—*J. T. Latham, Register*—The schedules of D. T. Barnes are informal, and must be corrected before further action will be taken.

Joseph M. Jones and Michael S. Haynes were adjudicated Bankrupts, and W. Y. Clrode appointed assignee.

New dress goods, for spring wear, at Menken Brothers. 2t

New spring poplins, at Menken Brothers. 2t

Ten Per Cent. opens to-night. 1w

Ten Per Cent., No. 50, northeast corner Second and Jefferson. 1w

New style Balmoral skirts, for spring, at Menken Brothers. 2t

RIVER NEWS.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, February 27.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

Weather cool and cloudy, with indications of more rain. The river is receding steadily with fourteen feet water on the bars to Cairo. At St. Louis the river is stationary with six feet in the channel to Cairo. The Ohio is rising slowly from Wheeling to Louisville, with six feet four inches in the canal and nine and a half feet on the bars in the lower Ohio. White River continues at low tide with five feet in the channel to Augusta. The Arkansas remains at low ebb with twenty-six inches in the channel.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Rubicon, St. Louis.
" Paragon, St. Louis.
" General Quitman, New Orleans.
" Peerless, Cincinnati.
" Sam J. Hale, Cincinnati.
" Countess, Cairo.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Rubicon, Vicksburg.
" Paragon, St. Louis.
" Guidon, St. Louis.
" Tennessee, Cairo.
" Cora S, Cincinnati.
" Darling, Cincinnati.

IN PORT.

General Quitman, Countess, Peerless, Centralia Gleaner, Celeste.

MISCELLANEOUS.

There was a fair amount of business doing on the wharf yesterday, with a good list of boats in port receiving and discharging. The mud on the levee made it very disagreeable to handle freights.

The Darling and Cora S. cleared for Cincinnati, the former with 1000 bales cotton and the latter with 1068 bales.

The General Quitman came in from New Orleans at noon with a fair cargo of sugar and molasses. She leaves to-day at five p.m. for a return trip to New Orleans, making all way landings in the bends. She is the regular Thursday United States mail packet, and has unsurpassed passenger accommodations. Captain Jim White, a veteran and popular steamboatman, commands, with Messrs. T. J. Howard and Mossup, two gentlemen who are noted for their urbanity and uniform kindness, have charge of the office. Below will be found a letter which speaks in high terms of the Quitman and her officers. Mr. Frank Smith, who by the way, is a clever gentleman, is still a fixture on the boat, ever ready to cater to the wants of guests.

The Rubicon passed down for Vicksburg yesterday with a full trip.

The Paragon came in from St. Louis in the morning with a cargo of produce, and returned last evening with a small list of cotton.

The Tennessee backed out yesterday for Cairo with 600 bales cotton.

The Sam Hale arrived from Cincinnati with a cargo of Western products. She is advertised to leave for a return trip to-day at five p m.

The Countess, Captain House, arrived from Cairo with a cargo of flour and produce. She is receiving for a return trip, and leaves at five p.m.

Mr. W. L. Ely, a genial and clever gentleman, presides at the desk.

The Peerless, Captain Houston, came in from Cincinnati, yesterday, en route to Pine Bluff. Ed. Smith is her chief purser.

The United States Mail Line packet Centralia, Captain Nolan, left on her regular trip for the Arkansas river. Mr. E. W. Oldham is her attentive and efficient clerk.

The Celeste, when from New York, last fall, that the affairs of the bank were in an exceedingly precarious condition?

The Belle Lee, Captain McGill, will leave the Star Wharfboat to-day at five p.m. for New Orleans. Adolphe Martin is her prime minister.

Captain B. B. Silver, of St. Louis on Monday, disposed of his interest in the steamer Mary McDonald, as follows: One-eighth to Captain John Gonsolin, and five-eighths to Wm. Fitzgerald, at the rate of forty thousand dollars for the entire boat.

The ice in the Allegheny is said to be harder and thicker than has been before known for many years. In the vicinity of Pittsburg it is now five feet thick, and as hard as a brick, with no little inclination or disposition to melt. The ice and snow along the water courses and the mountain slopes, are deemed by boatmen to be abundant enough, if melted, to make a coal boat tide without one drop of rain.

The St. Charles has been withdrawn from the New Orleans trade, and will ply in the upper Ohio.

The Richmond left New Orleans Monday evening for Louisville.

The Republic and Legal Tender are due from New Orleans, bound for Cairo.

Our correspondent at Cairo might report rain along the Ohio, with fair prospects of a good rise.

Freights at St. Louis have declined to thirty-five cents for dry barrels to Memphis and New Orleans. The decline is owing to competition with large lines.

The Natoma will be in port to-day to receive for St. Francis river, and will leave to-morrow at five p.m.

The Southerner, Lady Gay and Lizzie Gill are due from above, bound to New Orleans.

The Emperor, Captain Rusk, will be found in port this morning to receive for Cincinnati, and leave at five p.m.

The Mayflower will leave to morrow at five p. m. for Evansville.

We learn by a private letter from Washington county, Mississippi, that a band of thieves have been staying for some time in and around Ashford's Point. Their plan has been to hire negroes to steal horses and mules, and deliver them at different points on the river, from whence they ship the stock thus stolen to market. The negroes are paid prices ranging from five to twenty dollars for each horse or mule stolen. A few nights ago, a party of these thieves assembled near the point with a lot of stock, some ten head, which they intended to ship on the Belle Lee. Major Burns, a citizen of that county, got wind of their movements and, hastily raising a small crowd, attacked them, killing a man named Ellil, mortally wounding another, and slightly wounding one. The rest of the party succeeded in getting away. It is believed they will take the boat and keep away, at least from the neighborhood of Granville. We would call the attention of steamboatmen to these facts, as some of the stock already stolen and run off might possibly be traced up.

POTTER'S TEN PER CENT., No. 50, NORTHEAST CORNER SECOND AND JEFFERSON.—I have fitted up the above place for the accommodation of those who desire to indulge in the fashionable amusement of keno. The public, and my old comrades of "Red Jackson's" division, are respectfully invited to attend, and are assured of finding an orderly house, a nice lunch and a "square deal," at *ten per cent.* Respectfully,

1w T. POTTER.

Potter's ten per cent. keno hall is open every night. A splendid lunch is set, and everything orderly and quiet. Give him a call and be convinced. Remember the place—No. 50, northeast corner Second and Jefferson. 1w

Northeast corner Second and Jefferson, No. 50, to-night. 1w

Potter's to-night. 1w

The Tennessee Petro Oil Company's office is in the Irving block, No. 268 second street, at Rosenbaum & Co.'s store and oil depot. 2w

Go to northeast corner of Second and Jefferson, No. 50, to-night. 1w

A SHORT STORY, BUT INTERESTING.—No genuine European extract for the handkerchief could be sold here, under the present tariff, at less than twice the price of Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus"—a more delicious, permanent and healthful perfume than any one of them.—*Portsmouth Chronicle.*

PRICE OF PITTSBURG COAL REDUCED.—From and after this date we will sell Pittsburg coal at a reduced price. BROWN & JONES, 247 Second street. 3t

Potter's Ten Per Cent., northeast corner Second and Jefferson, No. 50. 1w

COAL! COAL!—Messrs. Bigley, Mellerah & Co., 25 South Court street, are selling best quality of Kentucky coal at $1 per barrel, delivered, and a superior article of Pittsburg coal at $1 25 per barrel, delivered. Also, good, dry, ash wood at $6 per cord, delivered. 1f

Potter's ten per cent. is open every night. Call early. Comfortable seats, a nice lunch and polite and attentive waiters. Call and see. 1w

If you want to make money, call at Potter's to-night. Free lunch and a nice, orderly crowd. 1w

Spring cloth sacks, something new, at Menken Brothers. 2t

TO THE PUBLIC.—The general report that the Gayoso House would close on the 1st of March is not true. It will be continued open as usual. I am thankful to my friends for past patronage, and ask a continuance of the same. My charges are three dollars per day and thirty-five dollars per month for day board. 1w D. COCKRELL.

Novelties in parasols, just received, at Menken Brothers. 2t

Ten Per Cent—Free lunch to-night. Roll! 1w

Choice new colors in alpacas, very cheap, at Menken Brothers. 2t

MONETARY.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, February 27, 1868.

Local finances remain quiet; no change worthy of report. Exchange is steady, buying on the East at ¾ off and selling at par; on New Orleans, buying at ½@¾c. and selling at 1-5c. premium.

GOLD—In New York opened at 141¾ and closed at 141¾. The market here was quiet, buying at 140@140¼.

SILVER—Remains quiet and steady, buying at 128@129

CITY SCRIP—R

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

TERMS—Daily paper, per annum, in advance, $12: Weekly: ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE for first insertion; each subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Twenty cents per line for special notices.

OFFICE:

In our new building, No. 22 Jefferson street, near the corner Main.

LEAP YEAR PRIVILEGES.

A Young Lady Avails Herself of Leap Year to Inveigle a Young Man Into Marrying Her.

A Swindle that Did Not Work.

From the Chicago Republican, 24th.]

Although women are allowed privileges during leap-year, which, if taken at any other time would be considered rude, and contrary to all etiquette, yet there is, even in leap-year, a limit beyond which a woman cannot go, and retain her modesty. Very few instances in which the fair sex have availed themselves of their extra privileges have so far occurred during the present year, as the inclination to take advantage of leap-year for any purpose grows less and less with each recurrence of it. An instance, however, occurred yesterday which is without doubt unexcelled in its line, and proves that old adage that where there is a will there is a way to accomplish almost anything. A young lady named Miss M——, living on the West side, had, it seems, conceived a violent passion for a young man named W——, but he having once been jilted by a false fair one, looked no more upon the sex, but attended to the daily routine of his business with assiduity and care, all uninfluenced by the many wiles of his beautiful admirer, which were brought to bear upon him at every opportunity. Although a year had passed, and Miss M—— had made no headway toward winning the heart of the obdurate W——, yet she despaired not, but sought new devices, and as yet untried means whereby to enshrine herself in the young man's affections. She accordingly hailed the advent of leap year with pleasure, as she could then throw off what little modesty she had left, and make a direct attack upon the citadel of the young man's heart. Her plans, like those of men and mice, went "aglee," and until yesterday she failed of an opportunity to speak what had been pent up so long. As a last resort she agreed with a noted spiritualist living on Wells street, for a "circle" to which W. should be invited, and as his belief in spiritual manifestations was rather strong, there was little doubt but the invitation would be accepted. As he was an orphan, it was argued by the spiritualist that the departed shadow of his mother should be called up and made to command her son to marry Miss M——. The services in raping W. the "medium" was to receive $100, one-half as soon as the performance was over, and the other half on the marriage day. Yesterday was the day fixed for the little play to come off, as W. would then be at liberty, and the influence of the day would probably add weight to the dead mother's commands. He came as requested, and seated himself in the presence of the medium, who seemed absorbed in thinking, and did not look up until Miss M. entered. Then in an assumed, hollow voice she informed the youthful pair that she had sent for them at the request of the spirit of W.'s mother, who had a very important communication to make to them, and if they were agreeable they'd form a circle and see what the spirit desired to say. They were agreeable, and after a short time there came a succession of raps upon the table, while it tipped and rocked as if it were weak in the legs. In answer to a question by the medium as to who was there, it was spelled out, "Mrs. W——." After a little fillibustering the medium announced that the spirit would communicate with her son. The couple were ordered by the supposed spirit to join hands, which they did, the girl exultingly and W. reluctantly, as he was a little afraid that what was to come would place him at the mercy of her he now thoroughly hated. The medium then went into a trance, and pretending to be influenced by the departed spirit of Mrs. W., pronounced the marriage service, as the spirits are supposed to understand it, concluding with, "And I charge you, Martin, to consider your marriage as binding as though performed by earthly beings. Her I have given to you is well worthy your love, and will make you a good wife. Remember, my son, it is the command of your mother." W. was bewildered. He was in the eyes of the other world, as he believed, lawful husband of a woman he loathed. His bewilderment was increased, however, by Miss M. throwing herself languidly into his arms, and saying, "My beloved, you are mine now, all mine." W. thought not; his fear got the best of his belief, and tearing himself from the arms that encircled him, he rushed forth into the street unmindful of his hat and overcoat. The last that was seen of him, he was rushing frantically toward the river, but those who know him best say that there is no fear of his doing any harm to himself. How the matter will terminate is best known to the duet who attempted to inveigle him.

TENNESSEE ITEMS.

A correspondent, writing from Maury county, says: I have asked a great many questions about wheat, and looked at many wheat fields, and at this time, there is, I think, every reason to expect an average crop. In the course of the investigation, on which your note started me, I became convinced that there are a good many men who want to believe that their wheat is ruined, so that they can plough it up and put the land in cotton. The rise that cotton has taken leads them to believe that it is going to stay up, and they want to try it. Well, all may try it who like, but, if my wheat is to be ploughed up, I shall put in something else that will make bread—never in cotton.

More than a thousand mules were transported by rail from Nashville to Georgia last week.

The Columbia *Herald* says: Of the prisoners in the penitentiary two hundred and fifty eight "wore the blue," and fifty-eight deserted the grey. Not a true grey is there.

Rev. Henry C. Neal, a Methodist preacher in Blount county, was cruelly whipped by a band of Radical ruffians, while on his way to preaching last Sunday week.

A number of Nashville people purpose emigrating to Brazil at an early day. The Emperor of that country has set apart an immense tract of land free to all actual settlers.

The Brooklyn, New York, Base Ball Club is to be in Nashville, April 1st, en route for Memphis and New Orleans. The first of April is a good day for base ball clubs to be anywhere, and they should not appear any other day.

The Murfreesboro *Monitor* says: Our citizens are on the tip-toe of expectation as to when the Kuklux Klan will show themselves in this vicinity. The darkies are painfully excited whenever the name of the dreaded brotherhood is mentioned. A perfect terror seems to pervade the entire darkey population at the bare idea of Kuklux Klan establishing themselves here. Whether they have any cause for their fears they probably are the best judges.

The Murfreesboro lodge of the Temple of Honor was organized last October. Since then its members have been unremitting in their labors to draw within its circle new brethren. Since its organization one hundred and seventy-two persons have been initiated.

Harris and Martin, who were tried last week at Ashland City, for killing a man named Brinkley some months ago, were convicted of homicide, and sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years.

The horse "Empire State," which made the remarkable time of two hours and twenty-four minutes from Brighton to Worcester, died Saturday night.

Mrs. Mary E. Pearlee, an inmate of the insane asylum at Augusta, Maine, was shockingly murdered Sunday morning by Mrs. Catharine Hurley, another inmate, during a fit of frenzy.

How Louisiana Negroes Work

A correspondent writing to a Northern paper from Louisiana says:

Some of our Northern reconstructionists say it is a "base lie," this "prattle about freedmen not being willing to work." I would like to be near one of these personages while he was endeavoring to hire a negro. I think he would soon alter his mind. I say, emphatically and truthfully, *the negro will not work!*

To satisfy myself on this point, I have taken the trouble myself to put it to a practical test. In conversation with a planter a week or two since, he informed me he wished to hire several good hands to work his place. I told him as I was traveling about considerably, I would try to find some hands for him. Accordingly, when opportunity offered, I commenced in this wise to a crowd of idle fellows lounging around:

"Do any of you want work?

"What at?" said one.

"On a plantation."

"No, sah."

"No shares—monthly wages," says I, "and board and clothes."

"I'll work if you pay every week, and let me go when I want to," says one.

"You must contract for the year—you will be paid monthly, but cannot leave until the year is out."

"We won't work 'less we gits paid every Saturday and quits when we please."

"So you will not work?"

"No, sah; we doesn't want to work."

I made several such attempts in different places, and met with the same result. I did not succeed in hiring the negro, but found twenty white men who were anxious to engage in that manner. Now, I ask, who will tell me negroes will *work*? Now the "lie" goes home again—I say they *won't*.

Singular Shipment of Live Stock.

From the Cincinnati Gazette, 24th.

Several weeks since, a half idiot boy, aged between sixteen and seventeen years, whose widowed mother resides near the corner of Betts and Cutter streets, left this city and walked to Indianapolis in search of work. Arriving at his destination, his search for employment was unsuccessful, and he concluded to return home, but having no money, or at least a very small amount, he started to walk back. On Friday last he reached Acton, Indiana, and, according to his story, he met six men, who at first treated him kindly. They finally took him into an empty warehouse, and after stripping him, blacked him from head to foot. These ruffians then procured a box, placed the unfortunate boy in it, nailed the cover down, and in order to make it moresecure, fastened two iron hoops around it.

The men then took the box to the Adams Express office, and after having it marked "H. C. Lord, Esq., Cincinnati, Ohio," stated to the agent that it contained "live stock," and they wished it handled with care. The agent, after weighing the box, stated that the charge to Cincinnati would be one dollar and fifty cents. This amount the men paid, and immediately left. Soon the down train came thundering along, and when it stopped at the station the box containing the poor boy was given in charge of the messenger. Fortunately there was very little freight in the car, and the box containing "live stock" was placed near the center.

About an hour after the train left Acton, the express messenger's attention was attracted by a noise coming from the direction where the box had been deposited. He was soon satisfied that the noise came from the box said to contain "live stock," and procuring a hatchet he, after considerable difficulty, succeeded in opening it. To his utter astonishment, he found in it a human being, greatly exhausted, and gasping for breath, the box being perfectly air-tight.

The boy in a few moments recovered, and related the story to the messenger. He was kindly cared for, brought to this city, and was at the Adams Express office most of the day on Saturday. The boy, whose name we have been requested, for the sake of his mother, to suppress, told the circumstances of the affair to Mr. H. C. Lord, President of the Indianapolis and Cincinnati Express, to whom the boy was consigned, and that gentleman immediately telegraphed to Acton, requiring every one connected with the road at that point to come to this city at once. Mr. Lord is determined to have a full investigation made, and should the guilty ones be found out, they will, no doubt, receive the punishment which they so richly deserve.

There is no doubt that had the messenger not discovered that the box contained a human being, the boy would have been suffocated to death before the train arrived in this city.

Counterfeit seven-thirty Treasury notes of the denomination of $1,000, dated June 15, 1865, differing materially in the run of numbers within which the genuine were included, are being forwarded to the Treasury Department, asking for conversion. The public are therefore notified that all notes of the issue of June 15, 1865, should be immediately forwarded to the Treasury Department for conversion.

On Sunday night Thomas Dameron, living in Roanoke, Missouri, after having retired to bed with his family, discovered his house was on fire. The family had barely time to save themselves. Mr. D. started with her youngest child, about eighteen months old, for the window, but, from some cause, dropped it, and it was burned up. Its little bones were found at the window next morning. The house and smokehouse were burned, with every thing they contained.

INSURANCE.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE Insurance Company.

HOME OFFICE, No. 513 Olive Street, ST. LOUIS.

D. A. JANUARY, President.
JAS. H. LUCAS, Vice President.
WM. T. SELBY, Secretary.
WM. N. BENTON, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

James H. Lucas, Samuel Wells, Theodore Lewelin, Chas. R. Peck, Rod. K. Woods, Jules Valle, Geo. R. Robinson, Robert E. Carr, John F. Thornton, David Nelson, Ferguson, Hon. John Hogan, Henry Overstolz, Nicholas Schaeffer, William Clay, Wm. C. Jamison, R. P. Hannekamp, L. H. Sutter, D. A. January, Wm. J. Lewis, F. Hoster, Jr., Jacob Tamm.

Assets, Jan'y 1, 1868, over $2,500,000

Issues Policies on ALL THE MOST APPROVED NON-FORFEITING PLANS, on as good terms as any Company.

No Restrictions upon Acclimated Persons, or to RESIDENCE or TRAVEL.

MEMPHIS BOARD OF REFERENCE.

Wormeley, Joy & Co., Ayrdett, Robinson & Co., S. M. Webb & Co., Toof, Phillips & Co., Lacey & Meubes, N. Cravens, A. H. Pyeatt, Hand, Jacobs & Clapp, Yates & Anderson, Gen. N. B. Forrest, Gen. J. R. Chalmers, Com. Joseph E. Montgomery, Judge J. P. Caruthers, Rev. S. H. Ford, D.D., Rev. J. R. Graves, Judge Phineas T. Scruggs, Gallaway, Hampton & Co., Desoto Insurance Company.

AGENCY OFFICE IN MEMPHIS—No. 43 Madison street, Kit Williams' Block.
R. S. & SON & OTIS,
State Agents for West Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas and North Louisiana.
U. SOTIS. J. M. McMAHON
ja15

Mississippi Valley Branch

OF THE

KNICKERBOCKER

Mutual Life Insurance Company

At Memphis, Tenn.,

Office No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.

Assets, : : : : $3,000,000

Policies Issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

DIRECTORS AT MEMPHIS:

HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, McNutt & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Messrs. Newton Ford & Co.;
W. H. CHERRY, President Merchants' National Bank;
ALBERT PIKE, Attorney at Law;
B. J. SEMMES, of Messrs. B. J. Semmes & Co.;
CHARLES C. PARTEE, of Messrs. Partee & Harbert;
CHARLES KORTRECHT, Attorney at Law;
JOHN P. TREZEVANT, of Messrs. Boyster, Trezevant & Co.;
JOHN SHOON, of Messrs. Shoon & Co.;
NAT. S. GREEN, of Messrs. N. S. Green & Co.;
J. STANWOOD MENKEN, of Messrs. Menken Bros.;
M. F. KENNEDY, of Messrs. Kennedy, Williams & Russell

MEDICAL EXAMINERS:
R. W. MITCHELL, M.D.,
FRANK RICE, M.D.

MANAGERS:
S. R. CLARKE & CO.

ja19

CAROLINA

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENN.

OFFICE NO. 291 MAIN STREET.

INSURES AGAINST LOSS OF LIFE.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $500,000

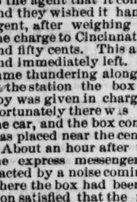
Officers:
M. J. WICKS, President.
A. SEESSEL, Vice President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary.
W. C. McCLURE, Treasurer.
J. H. EDMONDSON, General Agent.
E. WOODWARD, Regular Physician.
Consulting Physicians.
B. W. AVANT. F. A. RAMSEY.
Attorneys.
LOGWOOD & PEYTON.

Directors.
W. R. HUNT, A. SACHS, P. W. SMITH,
F. TITUS, B. K. PULLEN, N. S. BRUCE,
WM. JOYNER, N. M. APPERSON, N. D. MENKE,
J. W. PETTIT, J. G. LONSDALE, M. J. WICKS,
W. B. GREENLAW, W. L. VANCE. W. H. MOORE.

☞ The Company is now prepared to issue various forms of Life Insurance, and to all the public patronage

FRANKLIN

JOB PRINTING HOUSE,



NO. 15 WEST COURT ST.,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

THE ATTENTION OF THE BUSINESS MEN OF MEMPHIS, and all desiring any kind of Printing, is directed to the extraordinary facilities of this House for executing, in the most prompt and elegant manner,

Business Cards,	Drug Labels,
Bills of Lading,	Bills of Fare,
Bill Heads,	Show Cards,
Show Cards,	Shipping Tags,
Bronze Work,	Circulars,
Bank Checks,	Visiting Cards,
Dray Tickets,	Wedding Cards,

And every description of PRINTING required by Merchants Bankers, Hotel Keepers, Grocers, Cotton Factors, Produce Dealers, Commission Merchants, Lawyers, Doctors, Railroad and Steamboat Men.

Orders are respectfully solicited,

jan C. S. TOOF, Proprietor.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

W. A. HURD, W. F. CORKERY,

New Orleans. Lately and during the War proprietor of the "Spotswood Hotel," Richmond, Va., and formerly of the famous Mississippi River steamer, "Mary E. Keene."

☞ Board Reduced to Three Dollars per day

☞ Telegraph and Railroad Tickets Offices in Hotel Rotunda.

fab13

HERNANDO

INSURANCE COMPANY

No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a general Insurance business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, President.

Directors:

R. McDAVITT, M. L. MEACHAM,
D. H. TOWNSEND, S. B. WILLIAMSON,
A. VACCARO, HENRY LAIRD,
S. H. DUNSCOMB.

BEN MAY, Secretary.

DE SOTO

Insurance and Trust Company OF MEMPHIS,

Office in Company's Building,

No. 42 Madison Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : $200,000

Board of Directors:

WM. M. FARRINGTON, C. B. CHURCH,
W. R. GALBREATH, J. J. HAWKINS,
JOHN JOHNSON, A. W. GOYER,
W. B. GREENLAW.

WM. M. FARRINGTON, President.
J. G. LONSDALE, Secretary.

This Company insures against loss by Fire, Marine and River risks. feb13

JOHN A. DENIE,

DEALER IN

Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Lime, Cement

Plaster, Hair,

FIRE BRICK & WESTERN PRODUCE

No. 41 South Court Square,

feb13

1867. 1867.

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE VIA CAIRO.

Illinois Central Railroad and Connections.

"Blue Line."

THROUGH without change of cars to New York, Boston and other Eastern cities.

Rates will always be as low as by other responsible lines, and quick time made.

Through Bills of Lading to all points North and East.

No other freight line runs into or from Cairo, the entire best time of the roads being devoted to the "Blue Line," which being owned and controlled by the several railroads forming the route, give shippers this advantage of a thoroughly responsible carrier.

For rates and information apply to

CHARLES S. SAWYER, Agent, No. 204 Front street.

LIQUORS, ETC.

A. VACCARO. M. MAGNUS. V. A. VACCARO.

A. Vaccaro & Co.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

ETC., ETC.,

No. 324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn

DAN ABLE & CO.,

Successors of

Hatch & Able and Hatch, Maurice & Co.,

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Liquors,

ALCOHOL,

Proof Spirits and High Wines,

No. 218 Wainut Street,

aN ST. LOUIS.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

Main 281 M St., Memphis, T.

BANKS.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF TENNESSEE

MEMPHIS

No. 12 Madison Street.

D. A. SHEPHERD, Cashier. F. W. SMITH President.

MISCELLANEOUS

SLAUGHTERING.

Hogs, Sheep and Cattle

I AM now fully prepared to Slaughter all kinds of animals at shortest notice, and the most reasonable terms, at my slaughter pen near the Memphis Stock Yard, Second street, Chelsea.

I am also prepared to furnish the best and freshest MEATS of all kinds, Sausage, etc., at my meat stall, No. 76 South Market.

Orders for Fresh Meats or Slaughtering promptly attended to

a22

FINLEY'S CHURN DASHER!

Headquarters at 321 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.,

J. A. CAMERON & CO., Agents,

FOR the United States and Territories. Agents wanted in every County in the United States. Exclusive agencies granted to Counties or States. Terms liberal.

We are pleased to make reference to the following parties who have used the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Their experience and opinion ought to satisfy the most incredulous; if, however, such a character can be found, that he will not be convinced of the fact without a trial for *no* itself. If THEN, it does not equal every representation, return the DASHER and get the price refunded.

Judge Rume F Hill, Col H T Tomlinson,
Col W Underwood, Major M J Wicks,
Col R M Porter, S F Bell, Esq.,
Newton Ford, Esq., D Cockrell, Gayoso House;
Rev W C Johnson, Christian Hon Arch Wright,
Advocate; H A Montgomery,
Capt. Joseph Lenow, John Harbert, Esq.,
W B Waldran, Dr J Y Cummings,
M B Broderick, Esq., Dr A Burleson,
Major A Buck, Brownsville; Maj Wm Dickson,
Major R B Dudley, Rev D G Harvey, Lagrange;
Dr S Hinson, Memphis; O Brown, Harrisville;
Major Wm Wallace, Brownsville; Rev R H Rivers, Somerville;
J M woodson, Germantown; W C Maxwell, Esq., Memphis;
R W Caldwell, Esq., Lepot; Col W Williams, Memphis;
Col N Adams, Stanion's Richard Sanford, Covington,
William Hodges, Oakland; Tenn;
Rev Moses Dodd, Mississippi; J M Deloach, Woodville;
T D Jackson, Coahoma; B S Priddy, Oakland;
Ben Mcknight, Memphis; William McKnight, Iuka;
C G Frierson, Oxford; Dr R W Martin, Red Banks;
J J Whitis, Holly Springs; Dr A M Carruthers, Clarksville;
Dr W M Phillips, Chatawa; H R Lucas, Vicksburg;
Mrs E Ivis, Canton, Miss; T L Matthews, Indian Bay;
W P Abbott, Arkansas; Thos R King, Searcy;
Gen T C Hindman, Helena; R D Bond, Jacksonport;
Rev H M Cooper, Pastoville, Ark; Wm Lenoir, Lexington, Va;
Dr J Mowens, Russellville, Ky; T H Withers, Louisville, Ky;
Gen Russell Houston, Owensboro, Ky; Col J Packler, Huntsville Ala
Maj R C Myers, Milican, Tex; Maj R C Myers, Milican, Tex;
Jas M Warren, Hillsboro, Ala; D Sanders, Jefferson, Tex. etc

Retail Price $3 Everywhere.

TERMS INVARIABLY CASH ON DELIVERY. No better opportunity for men of small means to realize a handsome income than by agency for sale of the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Apply in person, or address (with a stamp) for particulars, J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
General Agents 321 Main street, Memphis, Tennessee.

Remaining counties yet open for agency of FINLEY CHURN DASHER in North and Middle Mississippi, West and Middle Tennessee and Arkansas. Some States North and south open for agency on liberal terms.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Parties owning desirable city or suburban property, who wish to convert it quickly and to good advantage, can make a transaction for the FINLEY CHURN DASHER for extreme western territory. The profits can be made immense on the Pacific Coast and other portions of the far West. Call and see us, and indorsements may be offered that, perhaps, may case you very much. J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
321 Main street.

The FINLEY CHURN DASHER shipped to any address on receipt of THREE DOLLARS, or by express C. O. D.
J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
321 Main street Memphis.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 62 Adams Street,

Memphis, Tennessee.

THIS HOUSE, formerly known as the "Hardwick," has changed proprietors, and is now opened to the travelling public in neat and perfect order. The fare is as good and well prepared as any hotel in the city; the bedrooms comfortable. Location most desirable, being about the center of the city. Our prices have been reduced to the following rates:

Board, per day.....$2 50
Board and Lodging, per week.....12 00
Board and Lodging per month.....40 00
Day Board, per week.....6 00
Day Board, per month.....20 00

Polite and attentive waiters in attendance, both day and night. MEDLIN, RUTLEDGE & CO.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership between the undersigned in the practice of Law, expired by limitation on the 1st of January inst.

P. T. SCRUGGS,
E. R. ROGERS.

A CARD.

P. T. & E. R. SCRUGGS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Memphis, Tenn. Office, No. 53 Union street, in front of the new Court House ja21

D. G. KENNY, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. J. B. PORTER

KENNY & PORTER,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND GENERAL AGENTS.

HAVING permanently established our office in No. 2, Kit Williams' Block, corner of Second and Madison streets, we intend doing strictly a Real Estate Brokerage in Memphis and the surrounding country, together with Surveying, Draughting and Keeping in its various branches. The draughting of swamp lands, locating and estimating of levies, etc., also the Rental and Leasing department of our business, will receive special attention. Using always our best exertion for the benefit of customers, we hope by promptness and strict attention to business, to merit a liberal patronage of the public.

D. G. KENNY.
J. B. PORTER.

Raleigh Mineral Spring Water.

I HAVE just received a fresh supply of the above water, and have made arrangements to get it from the Springs every week. Persons wishing it pure and fresh will leave their orders at my Drug store, corner Second and Washington streets.

J. T. LeGUERE.
feb18

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sale.

L. G. Hardwick vs. George Deagle.

UNDER and by virtue of an order of sale to me directed from the Law Court of Memphis, in the above entitled cause, I will,

On Saturday, February 29, 1868,

Between the hours prescribed by law, offer and sell to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court house door in the city of Memphis, county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, the following described property which was attached, and will be sold as the property of defendant and in obedience to above mentioned order of sale: One lot of money and fixtures of the "Black Crook" exhibition or Tale of Enchantment.

F. M. WINTERS,
feb18 Sheriff of Shelby County.

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Heirs and Creditors of Miss Wade Bolton.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have filed my settlement of the estate of Miss Bolton with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation at said settlement at the March term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

JOHN LOGGUE, Clerk. E. M. APPERSON,
Printer paid $5. feb8

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of Miss M. F. and John O. Truden, heirs of James Truden, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have filed my settlement of the estate of M. F. and John O. Truden with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the March term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

JOHN LOGGUE, Clerk. B. A. TRUDEN, Guardian.
Printer paid $6. feb8

No. 222—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Maria H. Caldwell, by next friend, vs. Ebenezer H. Daniel et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant, James Dick Hill, is a resident of the State of Louisiana, and that the defendant, William Kean King is also a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, whose place of residence is unknown; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on the first Monday in March, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainants' bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
By RENZ. COLMAN, Deputy C. & M. Clerk and Master.
McRAE & WALKER, Sols. for Complainants ja29

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of Miss Iris and Ellen Cooper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have filed my settlement of the estate of the said Miss Iris and Ellen Cooper, with the said settlement at the January term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

W. J. Somerville, Guardian.
Printer paid $5. feb1

In the Circuit Court of Shelby County, at Memphis, Tennessee—State of Tennessee vs. T. T. Taylor, L. H. Taylor. Attachment.

IN this case, it appearing to the Clerk that an attachment was sued out of the Circuit Court against the defendants, on the grounds that they were non-residents, etc., and that said attachment has been levied on the real estate of defendants; it is ordered that publication be made as the law directs in the Memphis Avalanche, requiring the defendants to appear within the time prescribed by the statute of the Circuit Court, to be held for Shelby county on the fourth Monday in May next, and plead, answer or demur to said attachment suit, or proceedings therein will be had ex parte; and that a copy of this order be furnished the Memphis Avalanche for publication. Done at office February 3, 1868.

M. D. L. STEWART, Clerk.
feb6

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust executed to me as trustee by Felix R. Lanier and his wife Martha Lanier, and B. Hughes, on the 8th day of January, 1866, to secure the payment of certain indebtedness therein named, I shall proceed to sell the property in said deed described viz: Section 14 and the west half of section 15, in township 1 range 11, west of the Chickasaw Meridian of the Chickasaw cession to Tunica county, Miss.; also, certain mules horses, cattle, stock and farming utensils, and certain cotton in bales and other cotton not in bales, and the proceeds of the sale of the premises above described, in Tunica county, Miss., to the highest bidder, for cash,

On the 6th day of March, 1868.

The title to all this property is believed to be perfectly clear, but I sell as trustee only.

DUDLEY D. SAUNDERS.
feb1

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust executed to me by Henry Cannon on the 12th day of February, 1867, and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, in book No 69, part 1, p 228 and 9, for the purpose therein mentioned, I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described tract of land lying near Raleigh, Shelby county, Tennessee, known as the Henry Cannon Place: Beginning at a stake in the road at the north west corner of Dewoody's lot, these north 4 chains 50 links to a stake in Mesick's east line; thence north 38½ east 6 chains 85 links to a stake in Raleigh road; thence south 2 east 8 chains 50 links to a stake in a hickory pointer; thence east 4 chains 3 links to an old hickory stump, with black gum pointers; thence north 88 chains 50 links to a white oak corner marked R; thence east 36 chains 40 links to a stake, with white oak pointer; thence south 78 chains 9 links to a white oak in the road; thence west 13 chains 25 links to the beginning, containing 161 acres.

Place of Sale—Raleigh, in front of Allen's store. Time of sale—Saturday, 29th day of February, between twelve and two o'clock, M. Title believed to be good, though I convey only as trustee.

JOHN A. ONLEY,
The Trustee.

No. 219—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Wade H. Holton vs. P. M. Cash, Administrator, et al

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause, that the defendant Wade H. Holton is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, and a resident of the State of Arkansas, and the defendants Wm. Clark and Lucasda Clark are wife, Norman Reppoon and Mary his wife, W. C. Battle and Cecelia B his wife, D. W. Taylor and Leodicia his wife, John W Clark, Columbus Turner and Nancy S. his wife, John W. Clare, Jr., Archibald V. Clark, Eleanor Clare, P. M. Graham and Archibald V. Graham are residents of the State of Texas and nonresidents of the State of Tennessee; it is therefore ordered that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on the first Monday in April, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
BERCHER & BELCHER, Sols. for Complainant. feb11

Insolvent Notice.

In the County Court of Shelby County, Tennessee—In re. est. Victor Bataille, deceased.

HAVING suggested the insolvency of the estate of my late husband, Victor Bataille, deceased, to the Clerk of said County, and received an order in this effect, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to appear before the County Court House in the city of Memphis, and be examined in the manner prescribed by law, on or before the 17th day of August, 1868, and exhibit their claims on or before said day, or be forever barred, both in law and equity.

ELIZA BATAILLE, Administratrix.
BERCHER & BELCHER, Attorneys. feb21

No. 208—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Thomas n. Logwood vs. E. M. Avery.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant E. M. Avery has absconded, and is not a resident of the State of Tennessee, and that he has failed to make his appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on the first Monday in April, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
I. T. PEYTON, Sol. for Complainant. feb21

Trustee's Sale.

PURSUANT to a deed in trust executed to the undersigned, trustee, by John H. Waggoner, on the 25th day of October, 1865, to secure the payment of certain indebtedness therein named, for the purpose of raising money with which to pay off two certain promissory notes, and further to secure the payment on, they being for the sum of $5,416 66⅔, each due on the 25th day of October, 1867, with interest from date at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and further to the holder of the notes which to pay off the interest upon about $54,167 at ten per cent. per annum from said 25th day of October, 1865. Said $54,167 being the amount of various other notes not due but which bear interest from date, payable annually, making an aggregate sum of about $19,000 of principal and interest due. Now, therefore, I will, as such trustee,

On Saturday, the 7th of March, 1868,

At Mound City, in said county of Crittenden, at the front door of the Hotel, proceed to sell at public auction so much of the following described property as will be necessary to pay the said notes and interest due, to wit: The Mound City tract, supposed to contain about 400 acres, about four miles and a half above Memphis, and known as the southwest quarter of section 27, the southeast quarter of fractional section 28, and Nos 1 and 2 of the Spillman grant, (section 34) and the tract conveyed by Hooper to Dews, and all the land belonging to said Mound City tract, and the ferry privilege, which belongs with the land, the boundaries of which will be given on the day of sale.

O. P. LYLES, Trustee.
feb12

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a trust deed, made by Wm. H. Grider, to secure the payment of a note of even date therewith, to E. J. Hammond, which was duly recorded in the Register's office, Shelby county, Tennessee, in book No. 68, pages 163, 164 and 165, and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court of Memphis, entered on the 9th day of October, 1867, on the application of J. G. F. Hammond, administrator, with the will annexed of E. J. Watson, deceased; and in pursuance of said trust and decree, the undersigned, trustee, appointed in the room and stead of E. S. Hammond, removed, will expose to sale, and sell at public sale to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court House door of the Chancery Court of Memphis, the property in said deed of trust mentioned, which is on the east side of Main street, its south line commencing 238 feet south wardly of the intersection of the east side of Main and south side of Beale street, thence south 25 feet on Main, and with a depth between two parallel lines of 128 feet, with a front of six feet on St. Patrick street, at 10 o'clock, a.m.

On Thursday, March 5, 1868.

This believed to be good, but I sell and convey only as Trustee.

J. W. HAMPTON, Trustee
feb13

Guardian's Final Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of Jacob and Charles Roberts minors.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have filed my settlement of the estate of said Jacob and Charles Roberts, with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the March term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis; and have also my petition to resign said guardianship.

E. J. F. OWEN, Guardian.
Printer paid $5. feb2

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of the Heirs of Sarah Slater, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my settlement of the estate of said Sarah Slater, deceased, with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the April term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

E. P. SLATER,
JOHN LOGGUE, Clerk. Guardian.
By RENZ. COLE, D. C.
Printer paid $4. feb18

No. 220—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—D. H. Townsend vs. Right Rev. C. T. Quintard, H. Cowperthwait, et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants D. H. Townsend, Rev. C. T. Quintard, H. Cowperthwait, et al., are residents of the State of Tennessee, and non-residents of the State of Arkansas, and that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in March, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
BERCHER & BELCHER, Sols. for Complainant. feb18

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of Gustavus A. Herring.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my settlement of the estate of said Ward with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the March term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

JOHN M. STEWART, Guardian.
Printer paid $5. feb2

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sale.

R. A. Hatcher vs. Mayor and Aldermen of Memphis.

UNDER and by virtue of an order of sale to me directed from the Law Court of Memphis, I will offer and sell to the highest bidder, for cash,

On Saturday, the 14th day of March, 1868,

Between the hours prescribed by law, in front of the Court House door, in the city of Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee, the following described real estate, as the property of the defendants, viz: A parcel of land in Shelby county, Tennessee, and beginning at a stake on North avenue, on the southeast corner of E. Shaw's tract, running north with said Shaw's and William Pearson's boundary line 20 chains to a stake; thence east 15 chains to a stake on the boundary line of Wm. M. Dunn, deceased; thence south 36 chains with said Dunn's boundary line to a stake; thence west 12 chains to the beginning, containing 51 acres. Levied on as the property of the defendants, and will be sold to satisfy the said execution.

F. M. WINTERS,
feb21 Sheriff of Shelby county.

By JAMES F. LANFORD, D. S.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America,
Western District of Tennessee, } ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

D. S. WRIGHT,

of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tenness

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

TERMS—Daily paper, per annum, in advance, $12; Weekly 1 A new square three inches inserted at $1 00 per square for first time; each subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Twenty cents per inch for special notices.

OFFICE:

In our new building, No. 22 Jefferson street, near the corner Main.

LEAP YEAR PRIVILEGES.

A Young Lady Avails Herself of Leap Year to Inveigle a Young Man Into Marrying Her.

A Swindle that Did Not Work.

From the Chicago Republican, 24th.]

Although women are allowed privileges during leap-year, which, if taken at any other time would be considered rude, and contrary to all etiquette, yet there is, even in leap-year, a limit beyond which a woman cannot go, and retain her modesty. Very few instances in which the fair sex have availed themselves of their extra privileges have so far occurred during the present year, as the inclination to take advantage of leap year for any purpose grows less and less with each recurrence of it. An instance, however, occurred yesterday which is without doubt unexcelled in its line, and proves that old adage that where there is a will there is a way to accomplish almost anything. A young lady named Miss M——, living on the West side, had, it seems, conceived a violent passion for a young man named W——, but he having once been jilted by a false fair one, looked no more upon the sex, but attended to the daily routine of his business with assiduity and care, all uninfluenced by the many wiles of his beautiful admirer, which were brought to bear upon him at every opportunity. Although a year had passed, and Miss M—— had made no headway toward winning the heart of the obdurate W——, yet she despaired not, but sought new devices, and as yet untried means whereby to enshrine herself in the young man's affections. She accordingly hailed the advent of leap year with pleasure, as she could then throw off what little modesty she had left, and make a direct attack upon the citadel of the young man's heart. Her plans, like those of men and mice, went "agiee," and until yesterday she failed of an opportunity to speak what had been pent up so long. As a last resort she arranged with a noted spiritualist living on Wells street, for a "circle" to which W. should be invited, and as his belief in spiritual manifestations was rather strong, there was little doubt but the invitation would be accepted. As he was an orphan, it was agreed by the spiritualist that the departed shadow of his mother should be called up and made to command the son to marry Miss M. For her services in duping W. the "medium" was to receive $100, one-half as soon as the performance was over, and the other half on the marriage day. Yesterday was the day fixed for the little play to come off, as W. would then be at liberty, and the influence of the day would probably add weight to the dead mother's commands. He came as requested, and seated himself in presence of the medium, who seemed absorbed in thinking, and did not look up until Miss M. entered. Then in an assumed, hollow voice she informed the youthful pair that she had sent for them at the request of the spirit of W.'s mother, who had a very important communication to make to them, and if they were agreeable they'd form a circle and see what the spirit desired to say. They were agreeable, and after a short time there came a succession of raps upon the table, while it tipped and rocked as if it were weak in the legs. In answer to a question by the medium as to who was there, it was spelled out, "Mrs. W——." After a little filibustering the medium announced that the spirit would communicate with her son. The couple were ordered by the supposed spirit to join hands, which they did, the girl exultingly and W. reluctantly, as he was a little afraid that what was to come would place him at the mercy of her he now thoroughly hated. The medium then went into a trance, and pretending to be influenced by the departed spirit of Mrs. W., pronounced the marriage service, as the spirits are supposed to understand it, concluding with, "And I charge you, Martin, to consider your marriage as binding as though performed by earthly beings. Her I have given to you is well worthy your love, and will make you a good wife. Remember, my son, it is the command of your mother." W. was bewildered. He was in the eyes of the other world, as he believed, lawful husband of a woman he loathed. His bewilderment was increased, however, by Miss M. throwing herself languidly into his arms, and saying, "My beloved, you are mine now, all mine." W. thought not; his fear got the best of his belief, and tearing himself from the arms that encircled him, he rushed down into the street unmindful of his hat and overcoat. The last that was seen of him, he was rushing frantically toward the river, but those who know him best say that there is no fear of his doing any harm to himself. How the matter will terminate is best known to the duet who attempted to inveigle him.

TENNESSEE ITEMS.

A correspondent, writing from Maury county, says: I have asked a great many questions about wheat, and looked at many wheat fields, and at this time, there is, I think, every reason to expect an average crop. In the course of the investigation, on which your note started me, I became convinced that there are a good many men who want to believe that their wheat is ruined, so that they can plough it up and put the land in cotton. The rise that cotton has taken leads them to believe that it is going to stay up, and they want to try it. Well, all may try it who like, but, if my wheat is to be ploughed up, I shall put in something else that will make bread—never in cotton.

More than a thousand mules were transported by rail from Nashville to Georgia last week.

The Columbia *Herald* says: Of the prisoners in the penitentiary two hundred and fifty eight "wore the blue," and fifty-eight deserted the grey. Not a true grey is there.

Rev. Henry C. Neal, a Methodist preacher in Blount county, was cruelly whipped by a band of Radical ruffians, while on his way to preaching last Sunday week.

A number of Nashville people purpose emigrating to Brazil at an early day. The Emperor of that country has set apart an immense tract of land free to all actual settlers.

The Brooklyn, New York, Base Ball Club is to be in Nashville, April 1st, en route for Memphis and New Orleans. The first of April is a good day for base ball clubs to be anywhere, and they should not appear any other day.

The Murfreesboro *Monitor* says: Our citizens are on the tip-toe of expectation as to when the Kuklux Klan will show themselves in this vicinity. The darkies are painfully excited whenever the name of the dreaded brotherhood is mentioned. A perfect terror seems to pervade the entire darkey population at the bare idea of Kuklux Klan establishing themselves here. Whether they have any cause for their fears they probably are the best judges.

The Murfreesboro lodge of the Temple of Honor was organized last October. Since then its members have been unremitting in their labors to draw within its circle new brethren. Since its organization one hundred and seventy-two persons have been initiated.

Harris and Martin, who were tried last week at Ashland City, for killing a man named Brinkley some months ago, were convicted of homicide, and sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years.

The horse "Empire State," which made the remarkable time of two hours and twenty-four minutes from Brighton to Worcester, died Saturday night.

Mrs. Mary E. Pearlee, an inmate of the insane asylum at Augusta, Maine, was shockingly murdered Sunday morning by Mrs. Catharine Hurley, another inmate, during a fit of frenzy.

How Louisiana Negroes Work.

A correspondent writing to a Northern paper from Louisiana says:

Some of our Northern reconstructionists say it is a "base lie," this "prattle about freedmen not being willing to work." I would like to be near one of these personages while he was endeavoring to hire a negro. I think he would soon alter his mind. I say, emphatically and truthfully, *the negro will not work!*

To satisfy myself on this point, I have taken the trouble myself to put it to a practical test. In conversation with a planter a week or two since, he informed me he wished to hire several good hands to work his place. I told him as I was traveling about considerably, I would try to find some hands for him. Accordingly, when opportunity offered, I commenced in this wise to a crowd of idle fellows lounging around:

"Do any of you want work?

"What at?" said one.

"On a plantation."

"No, sah."

"No shares—monthly wages," says I, "and board and clothes."

"I'll work if you pay every week, and let me go when I want to," says one.

"You must contract for the year—you will be paid monthly, but cannot leave until the year is out."

"We won't work 'less we gits paid every Saturday and quits when we please."

"So you will not work?"

"No, sah; we doesn't want to work."

I made several such attempts in different places, and met with the same result. I did not succeed in hiring the negro, but found twenty white men who were anxious to engage in that manner. Now, I say, who will tell me negroes will *work*? Now the "lie" goes home again—I say they *won't*.

Singular Shipment of Live Stock.

From the Cincinnati Gazette, 24th.

Several weeks since, a half idiot boy, aged between sixteen and seventeen years, whose widowed mother resides near the corner of Betts and Cutter streets, left this city and walked to Indianapolis in search of work. Arriving at his destination, his search for employment was unsuccessful, and he concluded to return home, but having no money, or at least a very small amount, he started to walk back. On Friday last he reached Acton, Indiana, and, according to his story, he met six men, who at first treated him kindly. They finally took him into an empty warehouse, and after stripping him, blacked him from head to foot. These ruffians then procured a box, placed the unfortunate boy in it, nailed the cover down, and in order to make it moresecure, fastened two iron hoops around it.

The men then took the box to the Adams Express office, and after having it marked "H. C. Lord, Esq., Cincinnati, Ohio," stated to the agent that it contained "live stock," and they wished it handled with care. The agent, after weighing the box, stated that the charge to Cincinnati would be one dollar and fifty cents. This amount the men paid, and immediately left. Soon a train came thundering along, and when it stopped at the station the box containing the poor boy was given in charge of the messenger. Fortunately there was very little freight in the car, and the box containing "live stock" was placed near the center.

About an hour after the train left Acton, the express messenger's attention was attracted by a noise coming from the direction where the box had been deposited. He was soon satisfied that the noise came from the box said to contain "live stock," and procuring a hatchet he, after considerable difficulty, succeeded in opening it. To his utter astonishment, he found in it a human being, greatly exhausted, and gasping for breath, the box being perfectly air-tight.

The boy in a few moments recovered, and related the story to the messenger. He was kindly cared for, brought to this city, and was at the Adams Express office most of the day on Saturday. The boy, whose name we have been requested, for the sake of his mother, to suppress, told the circumstances of the affair to Mr. H. C. Lord, President of the Indianapolis and Cincinnati railroad, to whom the boy was consigned, and that gentleman immediately telegraphed to Acton, requiring every one connected with the road at that point to come to this city at once. Mr. Lord is determined to have a full investigation made, and should the guilty ones be found out, they will, no doubt, receive the punishment which they so richly deserve.

There is no doubt that had the messenger not discovered that the box contained a human being, the boy would have been suffocated to death before the train arrived in this city.

Counterfeit seven-thirty Treasury notes of the denomination of $1,000, dated June 15, 1865, differing materially in the run of numbers within which the genuine were included, are being forwarded to the Treasury department, making their conversion. The public are therefore notified that all notes of the issue of June 15, 1865, should be immediately forwarded to the Treasury Department for conversion.

On Sunday night Thomas Dameron, living in Roanoke, Missouri, after having retired to bed with his family, discovered his house was on fire. The family had barely time to save themselves. Mr. D. started with her youngest child, about eighteen months old, for the window, but, from some cause, dropped it, and it was burned up. Its little bones were found at the window next morning. The house and smokehouse were burned, with every thing they contained.

INSURANCE.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE Insurance Company.

HOME OFFICE, No. 513 Olive Street, ST. LOUIS.

D. A. JANUARY, President.
JAS. H. LUCAS, Vice President.
WM. T. SELBY, Secretary.
WM. N. BENTON, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

James H. Lucas, Samuel Wells, Theodore Lavelle, Chas. H. Peck, Robt. K. Woods, Jules Valle, Geo. R. Robinson, Robert E. Carr, John T. Thornton, David R. Ferguson, Hon. John Hogan, Henry Overstolz, Nicholas Schaeffer, William Taussig, Wm. C. Jamison, R. P. Hanenkamp, L. H. Baker, D. A. January, Wm. J. Lewis, F. Hoeber, Jr., Jacob Tamm.

Assets, Jan'y 1, 1868, over $2,500,000

Issues Policies on ALL THE MOST APPROVED NON-FORFEITING PLANS, on as good terms as any Company.

No Restrictions upon Acclimated Persons, or to RESIDENCE or TRAVEL.

MEMPHIS BOARD OF REFERENCE.

Wormeley, Joy & Co., Ayrdett, Robinson & Co., S. M. Webb & Co., Toof, Phillips & Co., Lacey & Meubus, N. Cromans, A. E. Frayser, Hand, Jacob & Langstaff, Capp, Yancey & Anderson, Gen. N. B. Forrest, Gen. J. R. Chalmers, Com. Joseph E. Montgomery, Judge J. P. Caruthers, Rev. S. H. Ford, D.D., Rev. J. R. Graves, Judge Phineas T. Scruggs, Gallaway, Hampton & Co., Dahoio Insurance Company.

AGENCY OFFICE IN MEMPHIS—No. 43 Madison street, Kit Williams' Block. MCM A HAUN & OTIS,
State Agents for West Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas and North Louisiana.
D. S OTIS, Resident Vice-President.
ja19 M. McMAHON

Mississippi Valley Branch OF THE KNICKERBOCKER Mutual Life Insurance Company

At Memphis, Tenn.,

Office No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.

Assets, : : : $3,000,000

Policies Issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

DIRECTORS AT MEMPHIS:

HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, McNutt & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Messrs. Newton Ford & Co.;
W. H. CHERRY, President Merchants' National Bank;
ALBERT PIKE, Attorney at Law;
B. J. SEMMES, of Messrs. B. J. Semmes & Co.;
CHARLES C. PARTEE, of Messrs. Partee & Harbert;
CHARLES KORTRECHT, Attorney at Law;
JOHN P. TREZEVANT, of Messrs. Boyster, Trezevant & Co.;
JOHN MIGON, of Messrs. Migon & Co.;
NAT. S. GREEN, of Messrs. N. S. Green & Co.;
J. STANWOOD MENKEN, of Messrs. Menken Bros.;
M. F. KENNEDY, of Messrs. Kennedy, Williams & Russell

MEDICAL EXAMINERS:

R. W. MITCHELL, M.D.,
FRANK RICE, M.D.

MANAGERS:

S. R. CLARKE & CO.

ja19

CAROLINA INSURANCE COMPANY OF MEMPHIS, TENN.

OFFICE NO. 291 MAIN STREET.

INSURES AGAINST LOSS OF LIFE.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $500,000

Officers:

M. J. WICKS, President.
A. SEESSEL, Vice President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary.
C. McCLURE, Treasurer.
J. H. EDMONDSON, General Agent.
E. WOODWARD, Regular Physician.

Consulting Physicians.

B. W. AVANT, P. A. RAMSEY.

Attorneys.

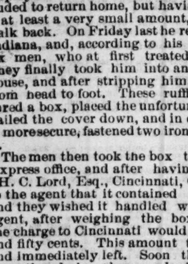
LOGWOOD & PEYTON.

Directors.

W. R. HUNT, A. SESSEL, F. W. SMITH,
F. TITUS, B. K. PULLEN, N. S. BRUCE,
WM. JOYNER, X. M. APPERSON, N. D. MENKE
J. PETTIT, J. G. LONSDALE, J. WICKE,
W. B. GREENLAW, W. L. VANCE. W. H. MOORE.

The Company is now prepared to insure all the various forms of Life Insurance, and respectfully solicits a liberal patronage from the public.

FRANKLIN JOB PRINTING HOUSE,



NO. 15 WEST COURT ST.,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

THE ATTENTION OF THE BUSINESS MEN OF MEMPHIS, and all desiring any kind of Printing, is directed to the extraordinary facilities of this House for executing, in the most prompt and elegant manner,

Business Cards,	Drug Labels,
Bills of Lading,	Bills of Fare,
Bill Heads,	Show Cards,
Show Cards,	Shipping Tags,
Bronze Work,	Circulars,
Rank Checks,	Visiting Cards,
Dray Tickets,	Wedding Cards,

And every description of PRINTING required by Merchants Bankers, Hotel Keepers, Grocers, Cotton Factors, Produce Dealers, Commission Merchants, Lawyers, Doctors, Railroad and Steamboat Men.

Orders are respectfully solicited,

ja26 C. S. TOOF, Proprietor.

ST. JAMES HOTEL, NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

W. A. HURD, W. F. CORKERY,

New Orleans. Lately and during the War proprietor of the "Spottswood Hotel," Richmond, Va., and formerly of the famous Mississippi river steamer, "Mary M. Keene."

Board Reduced to Three Dollars per day

Telegraph and Railroad Ticket Offices in Hotel Rotunda.

fe5 1

HERNANDO INSURANCE COMPANY

No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a general Insurance business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, President.

Directors:

E. McDAVITT, M. L. MEACHAM,
D. H. TOWNSEND, R. R. WILLIAMSON,
A. VACCARO, HENRY LAIRD,
S. H. DUNSCOMB.

BEN MAY, Secretary.

DE SOTO Insurance and Trust Company OF MEMPHIS,

Office in Company's Building,

No. 43 Madison Street.

CAPITAL, : : : $300,000

Board of Directors:

WM. M. FARRINGTON, C. B. CHURCH,
W. R. GALBREATH, J. RAWLINGS,
JOHN JOHNSON, C. W. HOYER,
W. B. GREENLAW.

WM. M. FARRINGTON, President.
J. G. LONSDALE, Secretary.

This Company insures against loss by Fire, Marine and River risks. fe19

JOHN A. DENIE,

DEALER IN

Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Lime, Cement Plaster, Hair,

FIRE BRICK & WESTERN PRODUCE

No. 41 South Court Square,

feb25

1867. GREAT 1867.

CENTRAL ROUTE VIA CAIRO,

Illinois Central Railroad and Connections.

"Blue Line."

THROUGH without change of cars to New York, Boston and other Eastern cities.

Rates will always be as low as by other responsible lines, and quick time made.

Through Bills of Lading to all points North and East.

No other freight line runs into or from Cairo, the cairo facilities of the roads being devoted to the "Blue Line," which being owned and controlled by the several railroads forming the route, give shippers the advantage of a thoroughly responsible carrier.

For rates and information apply to

CHARLES S. SAWYER, Agent, No. 204 Front street.

LIQUORS, ETC.

A. VACCARO. S. MAGNEVE V.
E. VACCARO. A. E. VACCARO.

A. Vaccaro & Co.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS, ETC., ETC.,

No. 324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn

DAN ABLE & CO.,

Successors of

Hatch & Able and Hatch, Maurice & Co.,

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Liquors, ALCOHOL,

Proof Spirits and High Wines,

No. 218 Walnut Street, ST. LOUIS.

an

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER, WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS,

Main 281 M St., Memphis, T.

BANKS.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF TENNESSEE

MEMPHIS

No. 12 Madison Street.

D. A. SHEPHERD, Cashier. F. W. SMITH (President.

MISCELLANEOUS

SLAUGHTERING.

Hogs, Sheep and Cattle

I AM now fully prepared to Slaughter all kinds of animals as cheap and reasonable as any slaughter pen near the Memphis Stock Yard, Second street, Chelsea.

I am also prepared to furnish the best and freshest MEATS of all kinds, Sausage, etc., at my meat stall, No. 76 South Market.

Orders for Fresh Meats or Slaughtering promptly attended to

a22

FINLEY'S CHURN DASHER!

Headquarters at 321 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.,

J. A. CAMERON & CO., Agents.

FOR the United States and Territories. Agents wanted in every County in the United States. Exclusive agencies granted to Responsible parties.

We are pleased to make reference to the following parties who have put the DASHER to PRACTICAL TEST. The experience and opinion one ought to satisfy the most incredulous; if, however, such a simonials are not sufficient, you will soon be convinced or the fact without a trial for yo rself. If THEN, it does not prove every representation, return the DASHER and get the price paid:

Judge Hume P Hill, Col H T Tomlinson,
Col W Underwood, Major M J Wicks,
Col H H Potter, B F Bell, Esq.,
Newton Ford, Esq., D Cockrell, Gayoso House:
Rev W C Johnson, Christian Advocate; Hon Arch Wright,
Captain Joseph Lenow, R A Montgomery,
W B Waldran, John Harbert, Esq,
M Deadrick, Esq, Dr J Cummings,
B B Barnes, Esq, Dr A Borineck,
K Whitmore, Evening Ledger: Major D Winter,
Major R H Bolcher, Marcus Joos, Esq,
Dr S Hinson, Memphis: Rev Dr G H Gray, Lagrange;
Major A Hamilton, Somerville; G Brown, Jackson;
J M woodson, Germantown; Rev R H Rivers, Somerville;
R W Caldwell, Raleigh Depot; Rev Dr T B Williams, Memphis;
Col N Adams, Stanton's; Richard Sanford, Covington,
William Rodgers, Obion; Tenn
Rev Moses Brock, Mississippi; J M Deloach, Woodville;
D Jackson, Coahoma; R S Priddy, Oakland;
Ben Mcknight, Ohio; William McKnight, Ohio;
C O Frierson, Oxford; Dr R W Martin, Red Banks;
J W Allen, Holly Springs; Dr A M Carruthes, Starkville;
Dr W M Phillips, Chatawa; H R Lucas, Vicksburg;
Mrs E Pye, Natchez, Miss; T L Matthews, Indian Bay;
W P Prescott, Arkansas; Thos B King, Searcy;
Gen T C Hindman, Helena; R D Bond, Jacksonport;
Rev H M Granade, Fayetteville, Ark; Gen S E Lee, Lexington, Va;
Mrs E Jones, Hampton, Va; Mrs C B McLean, Cumberland, Ky;
Dr J M Owens, Russellville, Ky; Col J F Packler, Huntsville Ala
Rev Samuel Bowford County, Ky; Maj R C Myers, Milan, Tex;
Jas M Warren, Hillsboro, Ala; D Sanders, Jefferson, Tex. etc

Retail Price $3 Everywhere.

TERMS INVARIABLY CASH ON DELIVERY. No better opportunity for men of small means to realize a handsome income than by agency for sale of the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Apply in person, or address (with a stamp) for particulars. J. A. CAMERON & CO.,

General Agents 321 Main street, Memphis, Tennessee.

Remaining counties yet open for agency of FINLEY CHURN DASHER in North and Middle Mississippi, West and Middle Tennessee and Arkansas. Some States North and South open for agency on liberal terms.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Parties owning desirable city or suburban property, who wish to convert it quickly and to good advantage, can make a trade action for the FINLEY CHURN DASHER / extreme western territory. The problem to be made immediate on the Pacific Coast and other portions of the far West. All and sec ns and inducements may be offered that, perhaps, may please you very much.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
321 Main street.

The FINLEY CHURN DASHER shipped to any address on receipt of THREE DOLLARS, c by express C.O.D.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
321 Main street Memphis.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 62 Adams Street,

Memphis, Tennessee.

THIS HOUSE, formerly known as the "Hardwick" has changed proprietors, and is now opened to the traveling public in neat and perfect order. The fare is as good and well prepared as any hotel in the city; the bedrooms comfortable. Location most desirable, being about the center of the city. Our prices have been reduced to the following rates:

Board, per day, $2 50
Board and Lodging, per week, 12 00
Board and Lodging per month, 45 00
Day Board, per week, 9 00
Day Board, per month, 35 00

Polite and attentive waiters in attendance, both day and night. MEDLIN, RULEDGE & CO.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership between the undersigned in the practice of Law, expired by limitation on the 1st of January inst.

P. T. SCRUGGS,
E. R. ROGERS.

A CARD.

P. T. & E. R. SCRUGGS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Memphis, Tenn. Office, No. 33 Union street, in front of the new Court House jan1

D. G. KENNY, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. J. B. PORTER

KENNY & PORTER,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND GENERAL AGENTS.

HAVING permanently established our office in No. 2, Kit Williams' Block, corner of Second and Madison streets, we intend doing strictly a Real Estate Brokerage in Memphis and its surrounding country, together with Surveying, Draughting and Engineering in its various branches. The drainage of swamp lands, locating and estimating of levies, etc., also the Rental and Lease department of our business, will receive special attention. Having always our best exertion for the benefit of customers, we hope by promptness and strict attention to business, to merit a liberal patronage of the public.

D. G. KENNY.
J. B. PORTER.

Raleigh Mineral Spring Water.

WE have just received a fresh supply of the above water, and have made arrangements to get it three times a week. Persons wishing it pure and fresh will leave their orders at my Drug Store, corner Second and Washington streets.

J. T. LaGUERE.

fe29

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sale.

L. G. Hardwick vs. George Deagle.

UNDER and by virtue of an order of sale to me directed from the Law Court of Memphis, in the above entitled cause, I will

On Saturday, February 29, 1868,

Between the hours prescribed by law, offer and sell to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court house door in the city of Memphis, county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, the following described property which was attached, and will be sold as the property of defendant and in obedience to above mentioned order of sale. One lot of mercery and fixtures of the "Black Crook" exhibition at Tale of Enchantment.

D. R. WINTERS,
feb18 Sheriff of Shelby County.

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Heirs and Creditors of Miss Wade Bolton.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have filed my settlement of the estate of Miss Bolton with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation at said settlement at the March term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

JOHN LOGOUE, Clerk. E. M. APPERSON, feb8

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of Miss M. F. and John O. Truden, heirs of James Truden, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my settlement of the estate of M. F. and John O. Truden with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the March term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

JOHN LOGOUE, Clerk. R. A. TRUDEN, Guardian.
Printer paid $5. feb8

No. 2822—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Hadin Dashiell, by next friend, et al., Vs. Ebenezer H. Dashiell et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant James Dick Hill, is a resident of the state of Louisiana, and that the defendant William Kean King is also a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, whose place of residence is unknown; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on the first Monday in March, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainants' bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTON ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
McRAE & WALKER, Sols. for Complainants feb29

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of Miss Iris and Ellen Cooper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have filed my settlement of the estate of the said Misses Iris and Ellen Cooper, with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the March term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

W. J. Somerville, Guardian.
Printer paid $5. feb8

In the Circuit Court of Shelby County, at Memphis, Tennessee—State of Tennessee vs. T. T. Taylor, L. H. Taylor. At

IN this cause, it appearing to the Clerk that an attachment was sued out of the Circuit Court against the defendants, on the grounds that they were non-residents, etc., and that said attachment has been levied on the real estate of defendants; it is ordered that publication be made as the law directs in the Memphis Avalanche, requiring the defendants to appear within the first three days of the next term of the Circuit Court, to be held for Shelby county on the fourth Monday in May next, and plead, answer or demur to said attachment, or proceedings therein will be had ex parte; and that a copy of this order be for nished the Memphis Avalanche for publication. Done at office February 18, 1868.

M. D. L. STEWART, Clerk.
feb8

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust executed to me as trustee by Felix R. Lanier and his wife Martha Lanier, and R. Hughes, on the 5th day of January, 1866, to secure the payment of certain indebtedness therein specified, I shall proceed to sell the property in said deed described viz: Section 14 and the west half of section 15, in township 6 of range 11, west of the Mississippi Meridian of the Chickasaw cession in Tunica county, Miss.; also, certain mules horses, cattle, stock and farming utensils, and certain cotton in bales and other cotton yet in the field. The said sale will be made on the premises above described, in Tunica county, Miss., to the highest bidder, for cash,

On the 6th day of March, 1868.

The title to all this property is believed to be perfectly clear, but I sell as trustee only.

DUDLEY D. SAUNDERS.
feb8

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust executed to me by Henry Cannon on the 12th day of February, 1867, and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, in book No 89, part 1, p ges 84 and 85, for the purpose therein mentioned, I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described tract of land lying and being in Shelby county, Tennessee, known as the Henry Cannon Place: Beginning at a stake in the road at the north west corner of Dewoody's lot, thence north 6 chains 75 links to a stake in Mesnick's east line; thence north 28½° east 6 chains 50 links to a stake in Baldwin's south line; thence with the north 29 chains 45 links to a stake with a hickory pointer; thence east 4 chains 2 links to an old hickory stump, with black gum pointers; thence north 8 chains 40 links to a white oak corner marked R; thence east 36 chains 40 links to a stake, with white oak pointers; thence south 79° east 10 chains 50 links to a white oak in the road; thence west 16 chains 25 links to the beginning, containing 318 1-100 acres.

Place of Sale—Raleigh, in front of Allen's store. Time of sale—Saturday, 29th day of February, between twelve and two o'clock. Terms cash. Title believed to be good, though I convey only as trustee. JOHN A. ONLEY,
feb8 Trustee.

No. 1539—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Wade H. Bolton vs. J. M. Cash, Administrator, et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause, that the defendant Wade H. Bolton is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, and a resident of the State of Arkansas, and the defendants A. W. Clark and Louisana Clark are wife and husband of Columbus Reynolds and Mary his wife, W. C. Battle and Cecelia B his wife, D. W. H. Taylor and Leodicia his wife, John W Clark, Columbus Turner and Nancy S. his wife, John W. Clare, Jr., Archibald W. Graham, Nathaniel Clare, P. M. Graham and Archibald V. Graham are residents of the State of Tennessee and non-residents of the State of Tennessee; it is therefore ordered that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on the first Monday in April, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTON ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
BRECHER & BELCHER, Sols. for Complainant. feb11

Insolvent Notice.

In the County Court of Shelby County, Tennessee—In re. est

HAVING suggested the insolvency of the estate of my late husband, Victor Bastille, deceased, to the Clerk of said Court, and received an order to this effect, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to appear before the County Court of said State and file the same, authenticated in the manner prescribed by law, on or before the 17th day of August 1868; and unless such claims be filed on or before said day, or before an appropriation of the funds of said estate is made, shall be forever barred, both at law and equity.

ELIZA BASTILLE, Administratrix.
BRECHER & BELCHER, Attorneys, feb21

No. 2363—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Thomas S. Logwood vs. E. M. Avery.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant E. M. Avery has absconded, and is not a resident of the State of Tennessee; it is therefore ordered that he make his appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on the first Monday in April, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTON ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
I. T. PEYTON, Sol. for Complainant. feb24

Trustee's Sale.

PURSUANT to a deed in trust executed to the undersigned, trustee, by John H. Waggener, on the 25th day of October, 1865, and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tenn., for the purpose of raising money with which to pay off two certain promissory notes of the date and the interest therein, they being for the sum of $3,618 66⅔, each due on the 25th day of October, 1867, with interest from date at ten (10) per cent. per annum; and, further, to raise money with which to pay off the interest upon about $4,167 at ten per cent. per annum from said 25th day of October, 1865. Said $4,167 being the amount of various other notes not due but which bear interest from date, payable annually, making an aggregate sum of about $19,000 of principal and interest due. Now, therefore, I will, as such trustee,

On Saturday, the 7th of March, 1868,

At Mound City, in said county of Crittenden, at the front door of the Hotel, proceed to sell at public auction so much of the following described property as will be necessary to pay the said notes and interest; viz, to-wit: The Mound City Tract, supposed to contain about six hundred and four miles and a half above Memphis, and known as the southwest quarter of section 27, the southeast quarter of fractional section 28, and Nos 1 and 2 of the Spillman grant, (section 34) and the tract conveyed by Hooper Clark, and all the land belonging to said Mound City tract, and the ferry privilege, which passes with the land, the boundaries of which will be given on the day of sale.

O. P. LYLES, Trustee.
feb13

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a trust deed, made by Wm. H. Grider, to secure to S. Y. Watson, trustee for S. S. Hammond was made Trustee, which was duly recorded in the Register's office, Shelby county, Tennessee, in book No. 48, pages 163, 164 and 165, and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court of Memphis, entered on the 8th day of October, 1867, on the application of J. G. P. Hammond, administrator, with the will annexed of S. Y. Watson, deceased; and in pursuance of said trust and decree, the undersigned, as trustee, appointed in the room and stead of S. S. Hammond, removed, will expose to sale, and sell at public sale to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court House door of the Chancery Court of Memphis, the property in said deed of trust mentioned, which is on the east side of Main street, fronting thereon about 23 feet south westerly of the intersection of the east side of Main and south side of Beale street, running thence south 66 degrees West, and with a depth between two parallel lines of 178 feet, with a front of 23½ feet on St. Patrick street, as it is located.

On Thursday, March 5, 1868.

Title believed to be good, but I sell and convey only as Trustee.

J. W. HAMPTON, Trustee
feb18

Guardian's Final Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of Jacob and Charles Roberts minors.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have filed my settlement of the estate of said Jacob and Charles Roberts, with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the March term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis; and have also filed my petition to resign said guardianship.

E. J. F. OWEN, Guardian.
Printer paid $5. feb2

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of the Heirs of Sarah Slater, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my settlement of the estate of said heirs of Sarah Slater, deceased, with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the April term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

T. P. SLATER,
JOHN LOGOUE, Clerk. Guardian.
By E. M. APPERSON, D. C.
Printer paid $5. feb18

No. 2801—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—D. H. Townsend vs. Right Rev. C. T. Quintard, H. Cowperthwait, et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants Rev. Cyrus A. Heathman, James M. Heathman and William Heathman, heirs at law of S. Heathman, deceased, are residents of the state of Mississippi, and non-residents of the State of Tennessee; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on the first Monday in April, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTON ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
BRECHER & BELCHER, Sols. for Complainant feb21

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of Gustavus A. Herring.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my settlement of the estate of said Ward with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the March term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

JOHN M. STEWART, Guardian.
Price feb3

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sale.

R. A. Hatcher vs. Mayor and Aldermen of Memphis.

UNDER and by virtue of an order of sale to me directed from the Law Court of Memphis, I will offer and sell to the highest bidder, for cash,

On Saturday, the 14th day of March, 1868,

Between the hours prescribed by law, in front of the Court House door, in the city of Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee, the following described real estate, as the property of the defendants, viz: A parcel of land in Shelby county, Tennessee, and beginning at a stake on North avenue, on the southeast corner of E. shaw's tract, running north with said Shaw's and William Pearson's boundary line 20 chains to a stake; thence east 14 chains to a stake on the boundary line of Wm. M. Dunn, deceased; thence south 20 chains with said Dunn's boundary line to a stake; thence west 14 chains to the beginning, containing 28 acres. Levied on as the property of the defendants, and will be sold to satisfy said order of sale.

R. M. WINTERS,
Sheriff of Shelby county.
By JAMES F. LANFORD, D. S. feb18

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee, } ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

D. S. WRIGHT,

of Memphis,